MASON'S
OK SAUCE
The Cold Meat Specialité
[1974

Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

Registered as a Newspaper at the General Post Office in the United Kingdom.

COME AND HEAR
WISEMAN'S
Orchestra
12.45, 4.30 AND 7.30
[1417

No. 18,874. 第一萬八千八百七十四號 日五十月十年六十國民華中 HONGKONG, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 18TH, 1918. 一拜星 號八十月一十年七國民華中 PRICE, $3 PER MONTH.

INTIMATIONS

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY

PORTLAND CEMENT.
In Casks 375 lbs. net.
In Bags 250 lbs. net
SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,
General Managers.
1463

JUST LANDED.

A NEW SHIPMENT

OF

FINEST

EGYPTIAN

CIGARETTES

FRIBOURG

&

TREYER.

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & Co.

15, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,

Telephone No. 75.

[13

CARTRIDGES.
ARRIVED!!!

A large consignment of SPORTING CARTRIDGES, principally loaded with E. C. Powder.

HONGKONG SPORTING ARMS AND AMMUNITION STORE,
5-6, Beaconsfield Arcade.
[1898

A LING & CO.,

15, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

FURNITURE AND PHOTO GOODS STORE.

Photographic Goods of Every Description in Stock.

Developing, Printing and Enlarging

Canton Marbles in Various Shades.

TELEPHONE 119.

[1905

PEAK TRAMWAY COMPANY LIMITED.

TIME-TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.

7.00 a.m.	to 8.00 a.m.	Every	15 minutes
8.00 „	to 9.30 „	„	10 „
9.30 „	to 10.00 „	„	15 „
10.30 „	to 11.00 „	„	15 „
11.30 „	to 12.30 p.m.	„	30 „
12.45 p.m.	to 1.15 „	„	10 „
1.45 „	to 2.15 „	„	10 „
1.45 „	to 2.15 „	Sats. only	15 „
2.30 „	to 4.00 „	Every	30 „
2.30 „	to 4.00 „	Sats. only	15 „
4.00 „	to 6.00 „	Every	15 „
6.00 „	to 8.00 „	„	10 „

NIGHT CARS.

8.50 p.m., 9.30 p.m., 10 p.m. 11.00 p.m., 11.30 p.m. and 11.45 p.m.

SATURDAYS.

Extra Cars 1.30 p.m. and 12.00 Midnight.

SUNDAYS.

7.30 a.m.			
8.00 „	to 10.30 a.m.	Every	15 minutes
10.30 „	to 11.00 a.m.	„	10 „
11.30 „	to 12.00 noon	„	15 „
12.00 noon	to 12.30 p.m.	„	10 „
12.30 p.m.	to 1.30 p.m.	„	15 „
2.00 „	to 5.30 „	„	15 „
5.30 „	to 6.00 „	„	10 „
6.00 „	to 7.00 „	„	15 „
7.00 „	to 8.00 „	„	10 „

NIGHT CARS.

8.50 p.m., 9.30 p.m., 10 p.m., 11.00 p.m., 11.30 p.m., and 11.45 p.m.

SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the Company's Office, Alexandra Buildings, Des Voeux Road Central.

Season and punch tickets available for all cars not already full running at the time stated in the Company's time-tables, but not for special cars, can be obtained on application at the Company's Office. No Season ticket will be issued until payment therefor has been made in Bank Notes or by Cheque or Compradore Order representing Bank Notes

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.
1249

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

TIME-TABLE.

On and after THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7TH, 1918, until further Notice.

DOWN TRAINS.

Stations		No. 5 Through Express. a.m.	No. 7 Local. a.m.	No. 9 Through Slow. a.m.	No. 11 Local. a.m.	No. 15 Through Express. p.m.	No. 17 Local. p.m.	No. 19 Local. p.m.	No. 21 Local. p.m.
CANTON (Tai Kwa Tau)	dep.	7.30		8.33		5.30			
SHEK LUNG	dep.	8.46		11.17		6.50			
Shum Chun	arr.	10.25		2.00		8.40			
	dep.	10.30	8.06	6.50	11.48	8.45	3.00	5.23	6.30
Sheung Shui	dep.		8.13	6.57	11.55		3.07	5.31	6.38
Fanling	dep.		8.17	7.03	11.57		3.12	5.35	6.40
Taipo Market	dep.		8.28	7.14	12.08		3.23	5.46	6.49
Taipo	dep.		8.33	7.20	12.13		3.27	5.51	6.54
Shatin	dep.		8.44	7.34	12.26		3.40	6.04	7.06
Yaumati	dep.		8.53	7.43	12.35		3.49	6.13	7.15
Hunghom	dep.		8.58	7.48	12.40		3.54	6.18	7.20
KOWLOON	arr.	11.10	9.08	8.08	12.48	7.55	4.01	6.28	7.34

UP TRAINS.

Stations		No. 4 Local. a.m.	*No. 6 Through Express. a.m.	No. 8 Through Slow. a.m.	No. 10 Local. a.m.	No. 14 Local. p.m.	No. 18 Through Express. p.m.	No. 20 Local. p.m.	No. 22 Local. p.m.
Last Ferry leave...	H.K.	6.55	7.44	8.06	10.18	1.06	3.45	5.05	5.05
KOWLOON	dep.	6.50	8.06	8.20	10.33	1.18	3.59	5.19	5.18
Hunghom	dep.	6.54	—	8.24	10.37	1.22	—	5.23	5.22
Yaumati	dep.	7.01	—	8.32	10.45	1.28	—	5.30	5.30
Shatin	dep.	7.13	—	8.44	10.57	1.40	—	5.41	5.42
Taipo	dep.	7.26	—	8.56	11.10	1.53	—	5.54	5.55
Taipo Market	dep.	7.31	—	10.06	11.14	1.57	—	5.58	5.57
Fanling	dep.	7.41	—	10.17	11.24	2.07	—	6.07	6.06
Sheungshui	dep.	7.46	—	10.21	11.28	2.11	—	6.11	6.10
Shum Chun	arr.	7.50	8.45	10.25	11.32	2.15	5.40	6.15	6.14
	dep.	—	8.50	10.30	—	—	5.45	—	—
SHEK LUNG	dep.	—	10.40	2.13	—	—	7.30	—	—
CANTON (Tai Kwa Tau)	arr.	—	11.30	3.10	—	—	8.20	—	—

* Will stop at Taipo and Sheung Shui for First-Class Passengers on Notice being given to the guard.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

The Railway Administration do not guarantee that the ferries mentioned in this table will connect with the trains as shown.

SHA TAU KOK BRANCH.

		a.m.	p.m.	p.m.			a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
Fanling	dep.	8.30	12.00	2.30	Shataukok	dep.	10.30	1.05	5.00
Shataukok	arr.	9.25	12.55	3.19	Fanling	arr.	11.15	2.09	5.55

H. P. WINSLOW, Manager.
[782

THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE INSURANCE CO., LTD.

Established 1836. Incorporated in Great Britain.
Total Assets exceed £16,000,000.

FIRE, LIFE, MARINE, MOTOR CAR, PLATE GLASS, FIDELITY, GUARANTEE AND LOSS OF PROFITS INSURANCE.

HONGKONG BRANCH,
4, Des Vœux Road, Central.
Tel. No. 200.

JOHN DE B. LANCASTER,
Acting Local Manager.
[1846

MITSUBISHI ZOSEN KAISHA, LTD.

1A., A.B.C., WESTERN UNION, ENGINEERING AND BENTLEY CODES USED.

Builders and Repairers of Ships, Engines and Boilers, and Electrical Engineers, Manufacturers of Contraflo Condensers, Stone's Manganese. Bronze Castings, Parson's Steam Turbines and Turbo-Alternators, &c., &c.

NAGASAKI WORKS.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS:—"DOCK," NAGASAKI.
GRAVING DOCKS AND PATENT SLIP.

	Dock No. 1.	Dock No. 2.	Dock No. 3.
Length on Keel Blocks	510 feet.	350 feet.	714 feet.
Width of Entrance on bottom	77 „	53 „	88 „
Water on Blocks at Spring Tide	26	24 „	44 „

PATENT SLIP—Capable of lifting vessels up to 1,000 tons gross.
Two Floating Cranes of 80 and 30 tons each, besides 150 tons Giant Crane.

KOBE WORKS.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS:—"DOCK," KOBE.
FLOATING DOCKS.

	No. 1.	7,000 tons.	No. 2.	12,000 tons.
Lifting Power				
Max. Length of Ship taken in	„	460 feet.	„	550 feet.
Max. Breadth of Ship taken in	„	56 „	„	6 „
Max. Draft of Ship taken in	„	22 „	„	26 „

HIKOSHIMA WORKS (Near Shimonoseki)

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS:—"DOCK," SHIMONOSEKI.
GRAVING DOCK.

Length on Keel Blocks	338 feet 0 inch.
Breadth at Entrance on bottom	56 „ 6 „
Depth of Water on Blocks at Spring Tide	25 „ 7 „

Floating Crane capable of lifting 30 tons weight.

THE NAGASAKI, KOBE AND HIKOSHIMA DOCKYARDS are closely connected with each other, enabling them to co-operate in the prompt execution of work and to suit the convenience of customers.

Any Orders will be promptly attended to and Estimates sent on application.
[2061

KAIPING COAL

FOR ALL INDUSTRIAL AND HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES

FOUNDRY AND SMELTING COKE

FIREBRICK AND FIRECLAY

FOR ALL INFORMATION APPLY TO DODWELL & CO. LTD. QUEEN'S BUILDINGS HONGKONG. OR

KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION

TIENTSIN, NORTH CHINA

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

FOR the convenience of the travelling Public, a Special 1st Class Return Ticket at Hongkong Currency $11.00 and Chinese Currency $11.80 available one way by Railway and the other by the Company's vessels will also be issued

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

HONGKONG TO CANTON.	CANTON TO HONGKONG.
MONDAY, 18TH NOVEMBER, 1918.	
8 a.m. "HEUNGSHAN"	8 a.m. "HONAM"
10 p.m. "KINSHAN"	4.00 p.m. "FATSHAN"
TUESDAY, 19TH NOVEMBER, 1918.	
8 a.m. "HONAM"	8 a.m. "HEUNGSHAN"
10 p.m. "FATSHAN"	4.30 p.m. "KINSHAN"
WEDNESDAY, 20TH NOVEMBER, 1918.	
8 a.m. "HEUNGSHAN"	8 a.m. "HONAM"
10 p.m. "KINSHAN"	4.00 p.m. "FATSHAN"

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

Sailings:—s.s. "SUI AN" to Macao daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays 9 a.m.)
s.s. "SUI TAI"
s.s. "SUI TAI"

During the Annual Docking of s.s. "SUI TAI" sailings from Hongkong at 2 P.M. and from Macao at 7.30 A.M. are suspended.
s.s. "SUI AN" from Macao daily at 2 p.m. (Sundays 3 p.m.)

Further information may be obtained at the Company's Office, Hotel Mansions, or from Messrs. THOS. COOK & SON, Booking Agents, Hongkong.
1451

KELLY & WALSH, LTD

NEW BOOKS.

A Minstrel in France, by Harry Lauder	$ 2.50
The Minister of Evil: Secret of Rasputin's Betrayal of Russia, by William Le Queux	1.40
Dr. Muehlon's Diary; The ex-Director of Krupp's Reveals the Secret History of the German Plot	3.50
The Works of Bernard Shaw—	
The Unsocial Socialist	.80
Cashel Byron's Profession	.70
Love Among the Artists...	.70
The Irrational Knot	.70
The George Inn Southwark, by R. W. Matz	1.75
The Manual of the Steam Wagon ...	1.75

COLONIAL NOVELS at $1.75

The Awakening, by Paul Urquhart.
The Pathetic Snobs, by Dolf Wyllarde.
The Years for Rachel, by Bertha Ruck.
The Short Cut, by Jackson Gregory.
The Girl from Kurdistan, by Jessie Douglis Kerriak
A Beggar in Purple, by Andrew Soutar.
The Veiled Lady, by May Wynne and D. M. Dell.
That Which Hath Wings, by Richard Dehan.
Merchandise, by Roy Bridges.

WITH FIGHTING OVER YOU CAN SEND THE USUAL CHRISTMAS GREETINGS.

ARTISTIC CHRISTMAS CARDS.

PRIVATE GREETING CARDS, PRINTED WITH YOUR OWN WORDING, EXECUTED AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

[183

SOUTH MANCHURIA RAILWAY.

FINEST CLIMATE AND BEST HOLIDAY RESORTS IN THE FAR EAST.

YAMATO HOTEL, DAIREN.—Finest hotel in the Far East. Cleanest city in the Orient. Capital centre for holiday trips.

YAMATO HOTEL, HOSHIGAURA.—Seaside hotel at the Hoshigaura (Star Beach) Holiday Resort. Golf, tennis, bathing, and boating facilities. Dairen, 5 miles distant, is connected by motor-car and carriage road and electric tramway.

YAMATO HOTEL, PORT ARTHUR.—Coolest and healthiest place in the Far East, close to the famous landlocked harbour, and surrounded with magnificent scenery. Miles of charming walks and drives, historic battlefields and ruined and dismantled forts. Two miles from Ogondai (Golden Beach) Holiday Resort.

YAMATO HOTEL, MUKDEN.—Adjoining S.M.R. station. Only hotel for visitors to the ancient capital of China, famous for its Imperial Palaces and Tombs and relics of fast-disappearing Old China.

YAMATO HOTEL, CHANGCHUN.—Close to S.M.R. station, where the South Manchuria, Changchun Eastern, and Kirin-Changchun Railways meet.

CHOSEN HOTEL, SEOUL.—Luxurious hotel in the capital of Korea.

STATION HOTEL, FUSAN.—For visitors entering or leaving Korea by sea.

STATION HOTEL, SHINGISHU.—For Antung on opposite bank of River Yalu.

KONGOSAN HOTEL, ONSEIKI.—For tourists and visitors to the famous Diamond Mountain in Korea, rivalling Switzerland in scenery.

All on European lines under direct management of the S.M.R. Co.

For terms and literature, apply to the manager severally, or to the Superintendent, Hotel Section,

SOUTH MANCHURIA RAILWAY CO.,

HEAD OFFICE: DAIREN.
BRANCH OFFICES: TOKYO, SEOUL, HARBIN, PEKING & SHANGHAI.
Tel. Add.: "Mantetsu" Codes: A. B. C. 6th Ed., A1, and Lieber's.
[1843

HOTELS

THE HONGKONG HOTEL AND GRILL ROOM.

J. H. TAGGART, Manager.
[14

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

CENTRAL LOCATION.

ELECTRIC LIFTS AND LIGHTING.
TELEPHONE ON EACH FLOOR
HOTEL LAUNCH MEETS ALL STEAMERS.
Telephone No. 272.
Tel. Address: "VICTORIA."

J. WITCHELL, Manager.
[22

THE PEAK HOTEL.

1,500 Feet above sea level.

15 Minutes from landing stage.

Under the management of

MRS. BLAIR.
481

THE VICTORIA HOTEL, CANTON.

Situated on the British Concession, Shameen.

The only European Hotel in Canton.

Guides and Chairs provided.

Every information and special attention given to Tourists.

Reasonable Rates.

Under the personal Management of Mr. and Mrs. GEO: E. EYLES
[1840

PALACE HOTEL, KOWLOON
Corner of Haiphong and Nankow Roads.

Tel. K. 3. Tel. Address: Palace.

TWO Minutes from Ferry and Railway station. This Hotel has just been completely renovated and refurnished, is now up-to-date in every respect and under English Management.

Cuisine under personal supervision of the Proprietor.

BAR AND BILLIARD ROOMS.

TERMS MODERATE.

Special Arrangement for Families on Application to:

J. H. OXBERRY,
2573] Proprietor.

MITSUBISHI SHOJI KAISHA, LTD.

(MITSUBISHI TRADING CO.)

COAL, GENERAL IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

Sole Proprietors of
TAKASHIMA, OCHI, MUTAKE KISHIDAKE, YOSHINOTANI, HOJO NAMAZUTA, SAYO, SHINNEW KANADA, KAMIYAMADA, HIBAI and OYUBARI Coal Mines.

Agents for SAKITO Coal.

HEAD OFFICE:—TOKYO.

Branches and Representatives: NAGASAKI KARATSU, WAKAMATSU, MOJI, KURE KOBE, OSAKA, TSURUGA, NAGOYA YOKOHAMA, TOKYO, HAKODATE MURORAN, OTARU, VLADIVOSTOCK PEKING, TIENTSIN, DAIREN, TSINANFU, HANKOW, SHANGHAI TAIPEH, HONGKONG, CANTON HAIPHONG, MANILA, SINGAPORE, CALCUTTA, LONDON and NEW YORK.

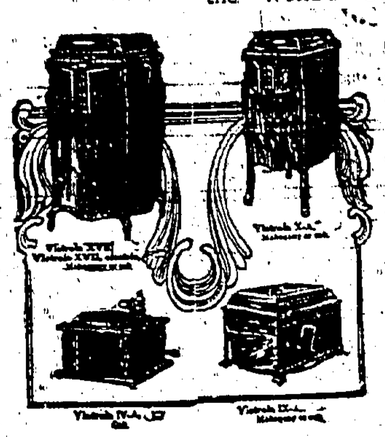
Cable Address:—
HONGKONG, "IWASAKI."
HAIPHONG, CANTON, "IWASAKISAL."
Codes:—A1, A.B.C. 5th Ed., Western Union and Bentley's.

Agency for:—THE OSAKA MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE CO., LTD., Osaka.

For particulars apply to—

S. SAYEKI, Manager,
No. 14, Pedder Street, Hongkong.
1933

SELECT your **VICTROLA** with the Advice of the World's Greatest Artists.



Could you ask a safer guide! Certainly no one is better qualified to judge a musical instrument. They know music. Their life-work is music. And Melba, McCormack, Caruso, Farrar, Galli-Curci, Gluck, Homer and a host of other world-famous artists have chosen the Victrola to carry their superb art on Victor records exclusively to all the world.

PRICES from $44.

20% discount for cash with order.

MOUTRIE'S

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS.

26-1

DRESSING GOWNS

Warm, comfy gowns for lounge wear, made of "Viyella" or "Jaeger" Wool and Camelhair, in attractive designs and moderately priced.

NEW AUTUMN AND WINTER GOODS NOW SHOWING

MACKINTOSH

& CO., LTD.,

Men's Wear Specialists,

Telephone 29.

16, DES VŒUX ROAD.

[103

THE EDISON-DICK

MIMEOGRAPH

DUPLICATOR

INSPECTION INVITED

MUSTARD & CO.,

4, Des Vœux Road Central. Telephone 1188.

AGENTS in FOOCHOW, AMOY, SWATOW and CANTON:

BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO Co.

[9230

FOOK LEE & Co.

Established 1871.

IRON & STEEL PRODUCTS, HOUSE & SHIPBUILDING & ENGINEERING MATERIALS.

HEAD OFFICE: Nos. 2a, 2 & 4, Hillier Street. Phone 1174.

BRANCH OFFICE: York Building, Chater Road. Phone 1950.

PRICE SENT ON APPLICATION.

[3435

HARMSTON'S CIRCUS.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!

AT KOWLOON.

AMATEUR RIDING CONTEST!

A Handsome Trophy will be presented to the Competitor making the best attempt at standing on his feet three times round the ring on Horseback aided by the Mechanic. Limited to six entries.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:

FULL BOX	$15.00
Single Box Seat	3.00
First Chair	2.00
Second Chair	1.00
Stalls	50 cts.
AND	
GALLERY 30 cts.	

[2650

THANKSGIVING SERVICES

AT THE UNION CHURCH.

Yesterday morning there was a large congregation, which included H.E. the Officer Administering the Government, at the Union Church, when a special Thanksgiving Service, for the success of Allied arms, was held. Appropriate hymns were sung and psalms chanted. During the service it was announced that the Union Church Ladies' Working Party intended sending parcels to the Hong Kong men stationed at Kirkee. Friends of the men who wished to send special parcels or money were invited to dispatch their gifts through the Working Party. Boxes will be packed on Thursday.

The Rev. J. Kirk Machonachie preached an eloquent sermon on Germany's downfall and the new era which has dawned for the world and Christianity. Taking for his text.

"The Lord reigneth: let the earth be glad." (Psalm 97/1) and "The Lord reigneth: let the peoples tremble." (Psalm 99/1), the rev. gentleman said:—

Two groups of feeling, not opposed but very diverse, spring here from the same cause, which is the manifestation of the Divine sovereignty that forms the theme of this group of Psalms. There is no mystery in this to elucidate, no contradiction to be reconciled.

Situated as we are to-day, we understand very fully what it is to "rejoice with trembling," how natural—indeed inevitable—that whilst we shout for joy and know not how to express our happiness, our hearts are none the less profoundly solemnised by the surpassing manifestations of the Divine power and providence which we are privileged to witness in these days. Many prophets and righteous men have desired to see such days as these, and have not seen them—men who long have toiled and sorrowed, yet not survived to see the result of their labours, but died as they lived, in a faith not confirmed by concrete events, passing away in hope still unfulfilled, and leaving it to the future to prove that they had not dreamed vain dreams, mis-directed their life's effort, and spread abroad misleading assurances when they encouraged others to believe that "right is right since God is God, and right the day must win."

We have thought our struggle a long one—and so, indeed, it has been from our immediate point of view—but have any other four years in human history brought about results of the like magnitude and significance—a pulling down of the mighty from their seats, a scattering of the proud in the imaginations of their hearts, such as the world has never yet witnessed?

The whole structure of society in Europe is being transformed, and the transformation of the structure betokens a change in mental outlook which is even more remarkable. Victory has at length been achieved with a suddenness and completeness almost beyond the venture of our hopes, and men are in a mood to ask themselves whether they had not been setting their expectations too low in other matters besides military triumph. The military decision has silenced a great deal of pessimism in one special line, and it is inevitably suggested that we have been hopeless and unbelieving all round. Prussianism is not the only entrenched and prepared enemy of human progress, and if resolute determined effort has been able to bring Prussianism to nought what evil can there be in this world of which we are to go on saying it is too powerful, too deeply rooted, too well panoplied and accoutred, too resourceful and able and sure of itself to be challenged and overthrown?

Doubtless our earth is full of sorrow to-day. But not less certainly is it in travail of a new hope, and the time is coming, perhaps sooner than we dare to think, when we shall remember no more the anguish for joy of the fresh life which is born into the world. Prussianism, which had set its horn on high, is fallen to rise no more. It is doomed for the future to rank with Babylon as the sinister symbol of intoxicated godless pride exalting itself overmuch, and perished of its egregious lust for power. "The Day," anticipated, prepared for, precipitated, has come, and for those who sought it, it has proved the Day of Judgment.

The man who beyond any one other incarnated the inordinate arrogance of his people is, at this moment, a fugitive, discrowned and discredited, and nothing in language or literature can be found to express his fearsome fate, except, perhaps, that tremendous apostrophe of the prophet Isaiah to the Shade of Nebuchadnezzar descending to the place prepared for it:—"How art thou fallen from heaven, O day star, son of the morning; how art thou cut down to the ground, which did'st lay low the nations! Thou saidst in thine heart, I will ascend into heaven, I will exalt my throne above the stars of God. . . . I will be like the Most High. Yet thou shall be brought down to Sheol, to the uttermost parts of the pit. They that see thee shall narrowly look upon thee, they shall consider thee, saying. Is this the man that made the earth to tremble, that did shake kingdoms; that made the world as a wilderness, and overthrew the cities thereof; that let not loose his prisoners to their home? All the kings of the nations, sleep in glory, every one in his own house. But thou art cast forth away from thy sepulchre like an abominable branch, clothed with the slain. . . . Thou shall not be joined with them in burial, because thou hast destroyed thy land, thou hast slain thy people; thy seed of evil-doers shall not be named for ever." (Isaiah 21.)

Truly when God's judgments are in the earth the inhabitants thereof learn righteousness. A revived prospect of hope is opened before every soul which seeks the good of man, as we see it demonstrated once again that there is a God who reigns in holiness, against Whose counsels no weapon can be formed to prosper: Who, though He be so long-suffering that our impatience doubts Him, will by no means fail to vindicate His law and make it honourable to our wondering eyes.

Prussianism is not the only drag upon the wheels of His chariot. But the sight of it in the dust gives heart to the peoples of the earth to throw off other oppressions, to assert that the time past is sufficient for the nations to have lived in jealousy and self-seeking which are the root of all strife and of which Prussianism is the supreme expression.

The sin and folly of the exaggerated nationalism of the past have been demonstrated and rebuked by this war in a way which makes men's souls tremble for the future of the race unless humanity can find means to start from now upon a better basis. Sober statesmen are talking seriously of a League of Nations to prevent all future war. They do that because they must, because it is gruesomely evident that they must, unless civilisation is to be destroyed by applied science, perverting man's growing mastery of natural forces to the development of means of destruction. "The parliament of man, the Federation of the world"—we have been content to treat it as a poet's dream. God has taught us once again that the man who despises the dream of betterment betrays the future. The alternative to this dream is Prussianism, and nations are being shewn unmistakeably that they must either move towards the vision or sink back to the welter of utter ruin into which some Prussianism or other would sink civilisation before many more generations have refused, like their fathers, to live by God's law of love rather than their own proud selfish lists.

"Why does not God stop the war!" used to be asked earlier. That has not been asked so often of late. We have come to see (if one may say so with entire reverence) that God knew His own business best. To have stopped the war sooner would have been to leave it the seed of future strife, but the war continued so long and reached such a consummation that the political rulers of the world are taking seriously and practically the ideals of the ancient prophets. The practical man has come to see that the beating of swords into ploughshares must cease to be just a matter of hymn singing, and there is dawning on the world at large a faith that the thing so long dismissed as impracticable and visionary can really be carried out. The error of the Germans is that they have never wanted it carried out. Believing themselves strong, and indulging an incredible coarseness of nature they thought to hack their way through every hindrance, including the moral law, to their crude ideal of swaggering domination. They had thriven by war, and meant to thrive further. War was their crowning industry, which all other national effort nourished and led up to. Their Deity was no God recognisable by either Jew or Christian, but the old-time demon of Teutonic mythology, whose angel was Valkyrie hovering vulture-like over fields of battle, and whose heaven a Valhalla, where slain warriors caroused out of the skulls of their enemies. The Germany of Kant and Beethoven had degenerated to that of Treitschke and Richard Strauss, rattling the sabre and the cymbal in the ears of a world which ought not to have endured it so long as it did.

One does not mean, of course, that there are no Christian souls in broad Germany. There are, and may they prove a saving salt in its hour of need. But public aim and policy, as expressed by Emperor, statesmen, teachers, the press, and finally in action through the war, was of a kind with which Christianity can hold no terms, being but a crude reversion to type of barbarous ages.

It was a German missionary in the East, I believe, who said his country was bound to lose the war if God has eyes. And there lay Germany's grand error—forgetting that God has eyes, driving through all moral considerations, or holding that some "good old German God" reflected from their own imaginations would see them through. They made miscalculations enough, we know, and to-day must bitterly rue them. They gauged wrongly the resolution of Belgium, the character and resources of France, the loyalty of British dominions; finally, and fatally, they misjudged the temper of America.

But all these blind stupidities were based on one fundamental blunder—contempt for the common conscience of right and wrong, and ignorance of the self-devotion with which men will rise in its defence. General Hindenburg, who by the way seems to wish to play the man by standing to his post, has been proclaiming that his armies have stood for four years against a world of enemies.

"It is not so. Four years ago his country had many friends. But she turned them into enemies by claiming to be a law unto herself and defying every rule and scruple held honourable among men. It was the outrage upon Belgium which roused our country as one man and virtually stilled opposition to the war; it was the reckless attacks on France and Serbia which detached Italy from the Triple Alliance; it was the wanton war upon merchant ships which led the reluctant United States to intervene and finally turn the balance. It is the policy of frightfulness which is responsible now for the humiliating conditions of armistice which have had to be enforced, the conquerors being left no choice but fairly to draw the fangs of the offender. Again, the Germans fomented anarchy in Russia to disable the sword arm of the Slav, and behold the backwash of the tide has carried Bolshevism to the Rhine. If their country is ruined outside and inside, as our Premier says, it is only because God has ordained that action and reaction should be equal in the moral sphere, that when the spoiler has ceased to spoil he shall be spoiled, that he who digs a pit shall fall into it, that they who take the sword must perish with the sword, that he who rejects the corner-stone of justice and good faith on which hangs the welfare of ordered society, shall yet find it grind him to powder. Pride indeed goeth before destruction, and a haughty spirit before a fall. How these old sayings come out sharp and clean to-day in the ears of a generation which had begun to think them trite!

Trite they are, trite as the ten commandments, and as inexorable.

The Lord reigneth. A Living God works His will in this our world, and if men refuse to let Him rule he will overrule them. There is a power, not ourselves, making for righteousness, and it has sufficient authority over the conscience of mankind to rally strength to oppose strength when the battle against wrong is set in array. Let the earth be glad, for it is not left to itself ungoverned. We thank the God of our fathers that we have lived to see this day, glorious with a vindication of righteousness which will not be forgotten while mind and memory last.

The hope of the future is that we take that glorious vindication to heart, and whilst we admire do not omit to obey. We ask this for ourselves, and also for the nations with whom it has been our necessity to contend so sternly. The enemy peoples, deceived and deserted by their rulers, are not forgotten of God, and we will trust and pray that a new spirit may indeed come to birth among them and produce proved and lasting changes which will make it possible at some future time for their children and ours to dwell together in unity.

The Lord reigneth. Let the peoples tremble. For the eyes which run to and fro in the whole earth are too pure to behold iniquity; the hand which holds the sceptre wields also the chastening rod, and will by no means spare the guilty.

"Great and marvellous are all Thy works, O Lord God, the Almighty; righteous and true are Thy ways, Thou King of the ages. Who shall not fear, O Lord, and glorify Thy name! for only Thou art holy. All the nations shall come and worship before Thee, for that Thy righteous acts have been made manifest."

ST. JOSEPH'S CHURCH.

At St. Joseph's Church, yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, Solemn Mass was celebrated by the Rev. Fr. Augustine, in the presence of a very large congregation. At the close the Rt. Rev. Bishop Pozzoni officiated at the *Te Deum* and gave the Benediction.

The sermon was preached by the Rev. Father Spada, who said:—Last Monday, when the wire brought us the happy news of the signing of the Armistice ending the terrible war, a most lively joy permeated the soul of every one at the thought that at last by God's mercy peace with victory was coming and the horrible bloodshed was finished. Hongkong has splendidly celebrated before many victorious and auspicious events, but surely none has been celebrated with such a pure and deep joy by the community, both European and Chinese. The relief from the anxieties of the past four years—the victory over an unscrupulous enemy, faithless to the most sacred duties of humanity, determined to subdue the world to his will by every means, guilty of so many crimes in Belgium, France and elsewhere—justly and rightly made us glad. The Thanksgiving Services, the public speeches by the members of the Government and by prominent citizens, the public displays over the buildings during these past days have been a solemn expression of duty towards God and country, and in all of them we have gladly and heartily taken part. We are invited to-day again to offer humble and grateful thanks to God for the benefits received, and we do it by offering the Holy Sacrifice of the Altar, which is the most acceptable homage to God that our grateful hearts have at their disposal.

We acknowledge and abide by the Christian principle that man proposes but God disposes. We Catholics must know and remember that the ex-Kaiser, and with him Lutheran Germany, proposed and expected last October to celebrate his own glorification, the glorification of Prussian *kultur*, by a crushing victory over all in celebrating the fourth centennial anniversary of the apostate Luther, the most faithless, the most proud, the most profligate and cruel German religious reformer, incarnating in himself the German spirit of the "superman." These celebrations have been omitted, and the ex-Kaiser with his councillors have seen in October the destruction of their most sanguine hopes, as the sacrilegious King Balthasar of old, to whom, when he was glorifying in himself and his power, appeared on the wall the mysterious words: "*Mene, Tekel, Fares*," signifying his rejection by God, the punishment of his crimes, and his ignominious end with that of his empire. We see this already, in part, happening with regard to the chief monger of the war.

We give thanks to God that He has mercifully saved us from falling victims to that dreadful *Kultur*, and has shattered to pieces the boast of the proud ex-ruler and his people, and has wonderfully disposed our salvation by granting us a complete victory.

We believe in the divine power of a humble prayer and in the value of personal sacrifices through the merit of Our Lord Jesus Christ. Our Holy Father the Pope, who has done everything in his power, consistent with the strictest neutrality, as the Vicar of Christ to alleviate the miseries of the war, and especially in the work of exchanging prisoners of war, requested the priests all over the world to celebrate the Holy Sacrifice on the 29th of last June, the Feast of the Prince of the Apostles, to obtain the triumph of justice and a lasting peace. Hundreds of thousands of Holy sacrifices were offered according to the Holy Father's intention on that day, and to these, added to the pleadings and penances of the religious, the holy communion of children, the prayers of the suffering, the patient sorrows of widows and orphans, have no doubt obtained from the Divine clemency the triumph of our cause. A few days after this great day of expiation, and exactly on the 15th of July, the third big enemy offensive of the year began, and surely no one could even imagine that from that day peace was so near that on Rosary Sunday, October 6th, the enemy had formally sued for peace. This very circumstance recalls how over three hundred years ago on that same day, through the prayers of the whole Christian world, the then Allied armies miraculously conquered and shattered at Lepanto in Greece the power of the Turks threatening to invade and destroy Europe.

From the 15th of July last till the glorious 11th of November the Allied armies, led by the illustrious Generalissimo Foch, General Haig, General Pershing, and all the other distinguished generals, by the favour of God, with a marvellous strategy, bravery, and tenacity obtained victory after victory, the strongest positions in which the enemy fancied themselves secure falling one after the other till the great collapse came to put an end to our armies' victorious march.

We thank God for having guided, comforted and sustained all who have given their share to this success, from the highest Minister of States to the humblest worker, and from the chief of all the Armies and Navy to the humblest of the rank and file. They have undergone untold sufferings, have braved many dangers, have passed through terrible anxieties. Let us bless thank, and praise God for having sustained them and preserved them to see this happy day.

We must not only thank God by mouth, but we must show our gratitude to Him especially in practice. It is our duty to learn the lessons of the war so that that the sufferings of so many millions who have been killed or maimed, or suffered terribly in so many different ways may not be in vain.

We must be better and wiser, and lead humble and pure lives, for God detests and rejects the proud. We must faithfully fulfil our duty towards God, ourselves and society that such a terrible punishment may not again overtake poor humanity.

We must also discharge a special duty of gratitude towards all those noble heroes who have so willingly and generously made the supreme sacrifice to preserve our liberty. Not only must we honour their memory, but, as dutiful children of the Catholic Church, we must remember them in our pious prayers at the holy sacrifice of the Altar and in all other good works of mercy.

ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL.

Special prayers of Thanksgiving were offered at St. John's Cathedral at the morning and evening services, yesterday. The preachers were the Rev. M. Bailey and the Rev. J. W. Harrington, respectively.

ROSARY CHURCH, KOWLOON.

There was a very large congration at the Thanksgiving service at the Rosary Church, Kowloon, yesterday morning at 9 o'clock. The Rev. Fr. Spada officiated, and the service consisted of Holy Mass, the *Te Deum*, and the Benediction. An appropriate address was delivered. The exterior of the sacred edifice was decorated with the Papal flag and the flags of the Allies, while inside the columns and the altar were treated as for the most joyful festival of the Church's Year. The adjoining vicarage, also, was embellished with patriotic emblems, amongst which the Union Jack and the French and Italian flags were conspicuous.

PARSI SERVICE.

Special prayers were offered yesterday by the local Parsi community in their place of worship in Elgin Street. The service was conducted by their High Priest, who delivered an eloquent address on the overwhelming and complete victory gained by the British forces and their gallant Allies. Special stress was laid on the indefatigable efforts of great Britain to take up the cause of Right against Might, and to bring the great conflict to a glorious end, whereby civilization had been saved. The High Priest concluded by expressing loyalty and devotion to the King-Emperor.

QUEEN MARY'S NEEDLEWORK GUILD.

REPORT OF THE HONGKONG BRANCH FOR OCTOBER.

City Hall Work Party (under Mrs. Lammert for Mrs. Stubb).—Twelve cases were packed for transmission to Vladivostock, containing—149 mosquito nets, 59 sheets, 112 pillow cases, 780 handkerchiefs, 280 shirts, 325 pairs of pyjamas, 204 bedjackets, 225 vests, 101 dressing-gowns, 43 pairs of slippers, 10 pairs of bed-boots, 30 shrouds, 39 table covers, 14 small bags, 43 triangular bandages, 6 head bandages, 4 eye bandages, 21 pairs of operation stockings, 60 mops, 12 food covers, 6 pneumonia jackets, 109 milk covers, 82 scrubbers, 17 reversible jackets, 15 small pillows, 510 pairs socks, 120 pairs knee-caps, 53 mufflers, 54 helmets and 12 caps.

Union Church Working Party (under Mrs. Maconachie).—Three cases for Vladivostock, containing—24 mosquito nets, 33 many-tail bandages, 42 rolled bandages, 12 eye bandages, 12 holdall bags, 62 pairs of pyjamas, 25 bed jackets, 49 doz. food covers, 7 doz. scrubbers, 24 hospital squares, 13 pairs bed socks, 5 surgical caps, 530 pairs socks, 54 pairs knee-caps, 38 caps and helmets, 9 trench sweaters and 9 mufflers.

Catholics Women's League (under Miss Loureiro).—13 pairs socks, 5 pairs bed socks, 3 mufflers, 1 sleeveless sweater, 5 pairs knee-caps, 7 helmets, 14 knitted scrubbers, 3½ doz. khaki handkerchiefs, 10 doz. food covers, 30 doz. gauze swabs and 72 doz. rolled bandages.

Wesleyan Working Party (under Mrs. Mitchelmore).—60 shirts, 22 mufflers, 23 pairs socks, 6½ doz. handkerchiefs, 28 scrubbers, 624 rolled bandages, 11 vests, 10 balaclava caps, 11 knee-caps, 1 surgical stocking, 7 mittens, and 32 swabs.

Peak Club (Under Mrs. Sutherland).—522 roller bandages, 96 many-tail bandages, 96 shell swabs, 72 gauze swabs and 5 pneumonia jackets.

Helena May Institute (under Mrs. Jordan).—696 rolled bandages, 6 triangular bandages, 11 pairs knee caps, 2 pairs surgical stockings, 7 scrubbers, and 57 swabs.

U.S.R.C. (under Mrs. Keigwin.)—710 roller bandages, 9 eye bandages, 18 shell swabs, 13 pairs knee caps, 8 pairs socks, 4 mufflers, 1 balaclava helmet, 2 pairs wristlets and 3 scrubbers.

SPORT.

CRICKET.

LEAGUE MATCHES.

CRAIGENGOWER BEAT THE R.E.

By virtue of a fairly easy victory scored against the Royal Engineers on Saturday, the Craigengower Club maintains its position at the top of the League table. The match, taken altogether, provided only ordinary cricket.

The Royal Engineers received a start from Wahl and Waller that gave promise of a respectable score. The first wicket realised 24 runs, but of the rest only Heath and White reached double figures, and they had to play a defensive game and were never very comfortable. Grimmett and Omar found the ground to their liking and shared the bowling honours, the former capturing 5 wickets for 34 runs.

Grimmett and Jex opened the Craigengower innings but the latter was bowled with Pascall's very first delivery. Not until the sixth wicket had fallen did the C.C.C. really look like winning; indeed, it was only the steady batting of Thompson combined with the freer methods of Lammert that carried the side to victory. Abbas played a forcing innings, getting five boundary shots in a score of 27. Craigengower won by 38 runs.

Scores and bowling analyses:—

R.E.

Capt. Wahl, b Omar	19
Cpl. Waller, c Grimmett, b Omar	7
Lieut. Raworth, b Omar	8
L/c. Lawrence, c Omar, b Grimmett	0
Corpl. Pascall, b Grimmett	0
Sap. Purnell, b Omar	9
Sergt. Heath, not out	14
S. M. Jewsbury, b Grimmett	4
Corpl. Millard, run out	1
Corpl. Hooper, c and b Grimmett	0
S. E. White, c Ford, b Grimmett	13
Extras	2
Total	77

Bowling Analysis.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Omar	14	1	41	4
Grimmett	14	1	34	5

C.C.C.

A. W. Grimmett, b Pascall	1
S. Jex, b Pascall	0
M. H. Abbas, b Purnell	27
J. D. Noria, b Purnell	14
T. F. Ford, b Pascall	0
F. C. Thompson, not out	25
L. E. Lammert, c Purnell, b White	21
G. Manley, b Purnell	11
A. Goldenburg, b Purnell	0
V. Omar, b Pascall	5
R. Basa, c Purnell, b White	6
Extras	5
Total	115

Bowling Analysis.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Pascall	12	1	35	4
Purnell	12	1	43	4
Raworth	3	0	13	0
White	3	0	19	2

CIVIL SERVICE BEATS THE CHINESE.

After two drawn matches, the Civil Service scored a win—almost on time—against the C.R.C. on Saturday, thanks mainly to a vigorous display of batting by A. E. Wood. Both teams were strongly represented, the Civilians lacking only D. M. Goodall.

A. E. Wood, who went in first with Claud Severn, was missed at leg early in his innings, but was never, seemingly, troubled by the bowling. Bradbury was as steady as usual. Syme Thomson made 16 runs in four hits. Lamble was in for some time for his 13 (not out).

The C.R.C. did not fare well against the bowling of Bird and Severn. At one stage the score stood at 58 for the loss of 7 wickets. Un Hew Fan and Wong helped it raise it to 90. The last two wickets fell to Ling with the score unchanged, the Civil Service thus winning by 53 runs.

The scores and bowling analyses were as follows:—

CIVIL SERVICE.

C. Severn, c and b Yew Man Tsun	3
A. E. Wood, c Ching, b Lee	64
B. W. Bradbury, c Cheng Chi, b Ng Sze Kwong	15
F. Syme Thomson, b Ng Sze Kwong	16
F. Ling, b Ng Sze Kwong	10
E. W. Hamilton, c Ching, b Ng Sze Kwong	0
R. E. O. Bird, b Lee	0
P. T. Lamble, not out	13
T. McCormac, b Lee	0
W. H. Edmonds, c Lee, b Ng Sze Kwong	16
C. Sara, not out	4
Extras	2
Total	143

Bowling Analysis.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Yew Man Tsun	11	3	39	1
Un Hew Fan	6	0	31	0
Ng Sze Kwong	12	2	46	5
G. Lee	7	1	25	3

C.R.C.

Yew Man Tsun, b Bird	8
Ng Sze Kwong, c Wood, b Bird	6
Cheng Chi, c Hamilton, b Severn	17
H. Ching, c and b Bird	5
G. Lee, b Bird	0
Un Hew Fan, b Ling	24
Wong Po Keung, b Bird	0
F. C. Lee, b Severn	2
James Wong, not out	16
Cheung Wing Kin, b Ling	0
Woo Puk Fook, c and b Hamilton	0
Extras	12
Total	90

Bowling Analysis.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Hamilton	8.4	2	22	1
Bird*	4	5	30	5
Severn	4	1	26	2
Ling	1	1	0	2

*—Bowled a wide.

CLOSE FINISH BETWEEN THE UNIVERSITY AND R.G.A.

The match between the University and the R.G.A. was won by the latter off the last ball of the last over, Coltman scoring a boundary hit off Marley. The University went in at 2.25 p.m. and declared at 4.15 p.m., when they had reached 178 runs for the loss of nine wickets. Two-thirds of this total were contributed by Rumjahn (44), Ponsonby Fane (43), and Gittens (33). The R.G.A. replied with 179 for 5 wickets, thanks mainly to Perkins (58), Athorne (37, not out), and Mann (33).

Scores and analyses:—

UNIVERSITY.

A. H. Rumjahn, c Cpl. Mann, b Athorne	44
M. P. Choa, c Coltman, b Perkins	0
G. E. Marley, b Perkins	4
J. D. Wrright, c McDowall, b Perkins	9
R. A. Ponsonby Fane, c Mann, b Athorne	43
Yeoh Teik Ee, b Peakins	14
W. Gittens, b Athorne	33
Lim Keng Sim, c and b Athorne	0
D. K. Samy, not out	16
Cheak Toon Lock, b Wardle	8
Ang Swee Ching, not out	5
Extras	7
Total (for 9 wickets declared)	178

Bowling Analysis.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
W. Baines	7	0	52	0
Berkins	8	0	22	4
Athorne	15	0	57	4
Cpl. Wardley	5	0	26	1

R.G.A.

Cpl. Mann, b Samy	33
Smith, b Samy	24
Lt. Torr, b Yeoh	5
Baines, b Yeoh	4
Perkins, c Choa, b Marley	58
Athorne, not out	37
Lt. Coltman, not out	14
Extras	2
Total (for 5 wickets)	179

Sharman, Sgt. Knight, Cpl. Wardley, and McDowall did not bat.

Bowling Analysis.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Marley	14	1	75	1
Yeoh Teik Ee	7	0	29	2
A. H. Rumjahn	3	0	15	0
Samy	4	0	21	2
Wright	7	1	35	0

FRIENDLY MATCHES.

83RD CO. R.G.A. DEFEATS KOWLOON "B."

Thanks largely to the opportunity of going in first on a batsman's wicket, the 83rd Co. R.G.A. defeated Kowloon "B" team by five wickets and one run.

The Gunner's team started remarkably well, two wickets yielding 74 runs. Green opened the innings for his side and gave as delightful an exhibition of hard hitting as anyone could wish. His score of 39 included one sixer and seven fours. He was "let off" twice by Edwards behind the wickets. Middleton, who joined him after Dickason's dismissal, made 45, the partnership being productive of nearly 50 runs. Middleton presented a direct contrast to Green, for he adopted careful tactics, taking few chances but driving hard when opportunity offered. Graham and Edmundson, encouraged by their predecessors' displays, were going strong when the innings was declared for 155 runs.

Kowloon "B" started their innings at 4.30 p.m. with an hour and a quarter's play before them. The first two wickets fell for 14 runs, and Kowloon's supporters began to feel despondent. The gloom was dispelled, however, when James joined Mead. These two kept things lively, lashing out at the bowling, and carried the score to 77 before James was stumped by Fisher in attempting a big hit off Graham. Mead's score of 47 was not without blemish, for he offered the wicket-keeper two easy chances to stump him. Hodge scored 22 runs. Great excitement prevailed towards the close of the match, as only 6 runs were wanted for victory by Kowloon when Nicoll, the last man, went in. He managed to get a four off Sharp, but was then caught in the slips by Middleton off Sharp.

Scores and analyses:—

83RD CO. R.G.A.

Green, c and b James	39
Dickason, run out	12
Middleton, c Stapleton, b Nicol	45
Sharp, c Sousa, b James	13
Graham, not out	9
Reid, c and b Hodge	5
Edmundson, not out	18
Extras	14
Total (for 5 wickets, declared)	155

Fisher, Churchward, Gregory, and Nicholson did not bat.

Bowling Analysis.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Herridge	4	0	25	0
Hodge	12	0	47	1
James	13	2	35	2
Sousa	3	0	8	0
Talfourd	3	0	20	0
Nicoll	3	0	6	1

Herridge and Hodge bowled one wide each; Sousa bowled two no-balls and Nicoll one.

KOWLOON "B."

Mead, b Dickason	47
De Sousa, c Graham, b Sharp	4
Edwards, c Edmundson, b Sharp	3
James, st. Fisher, b Graham	34
Stapleton, c Green, b Edmundson	2
Hodge, b Dickason	22
Talfourd, c Edmundson, b Dickason	1
Herridge, l.b.w. Dickason	2
Hyde, b Sharp	0
Frost, not out	2
Nicoll, c Middleton, b Sharp	4
Extras	26
Total	154

Bowling Analysis.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Graham	8	0	46	1
Sharp	11.2	1	50	4
Middleton	4	0	16	0
Edmundson	2	0	10	1
Dickason	4	1	6	4

HONGKONG DEFEATS THE NAVY.

The Hongkong C.C. consoled itself for the defeat it suffered at the hands of Kowloon the previous week by scoring a very creditable win at the expense of the Navy on Saturday. Hongkong, which was strongly represented, had the services for the first time this season of H. Hancock. The Navy team included Hack, who re-appeared after a fortnight's illness, but lacked Davies.

When the Navy went in to bat, Donelly bowled with deadly effect. He took Robinson's wicket with the very first ball he sent down, and thence onwards kept such a good length that the batsmen could do nothing with him. An exceptionally smart bit of stumping by Hancock was responsible for Hack's dismissal, while De Rome got behind Commander Gibson's defence when that usually prolific scorer had only made 7 runs. Wild strove hard to rescue his side, playing a short but dashing innings of 31 runs. Donelly finished up with the creditable average of 7 wickets for 42 runs.

Robertson and Pearce opened the innings for Hongkong in good style. Robertson, taking advantage of every loose ball sent down, sent many of them to the boundary. The first wicket fell at 30. Pearce, who had been playing himself in, had just got set when he stepped out to hit a ball from Gibson and was stumped by Lancaster. Hancock scored 43 runs with series of big hits, finding the boundary no fewer than 9 times. E. R. Thomas played the best cricket on his side and was undefeated with 40 to his credit when the innings closed. He was patient and brought off some pretty shots to the off. Major Robertson's 31 was chiefly made up of boundary hits. Hongkong won the match by 106 runs.

Scores and bowling analyses:—

NAVY.

P. M. Robinson, c Pearce, b Donelly	0
Sig. Hack, st. Hancock, b Donelly	7
Commdr. Gibson, b Rome	7
P. M. Holborn, b Donelly	0
P. M. Wild, c Maas, b Donelly	31
Lieut. Carey, b Pearce	7
Lieut. Kennett, l.b.w., b Donnelly	2
P. O. Lancaster, run out	4
L. S. Godfrey, not out	1
Sig. Price, b Donnelly	0
Sto. Cutter, c and b Donelly	4
Extras	5
Total	68

Bowling Analysis.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Donnelly	9.4	1	42	7
De-Rome	7	0	21	1
Pearce	2	2	0	1

HONGKONG C.C.

Major T. A. Robertson, c Carey, b Gibson	31
T. E. Pearce, st. Lancaster, b Gibson	7
Capt. E. H. Gray, b Godfrey	6
H. Hancock, c Holborn, b Hack	43
F. J. de Rome, c Holborn, b Godfrey	8
M. M. Maas, c Price, b Kennett	13
E. R. Thomas, not out	40
D. E. Donelly, c Robinson, b Hack	4
R. M. Austin, c and b Gibson	6
F. Sutton, c Hack, b Godfrey	7
P. Jack, b Godfrey	2
Extras	7
Total	174

Bowling Analysis.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Gibson	11	1	63	3
Godfrey	12.4	0	56	4
Price	2	0	12	0
Hack	3	0	17	2
Kennett	4	1	10	1
Culter	2	0	15	0

CRAIGENGOWER "B" DEFEATS THE POLICE.

Craigengower's second eleven found little difficulty in beating a weak Police team at Happy Valley by 32 runs and a wicket. The chief contributors to the win were D. Rumjahn (24) S. D. Ismail (21), and W. Hall (21)—especially the last-named, who took seven of the Police wickets.

Scores and bowling analyses:—

POLICE.

J. Field, r and b Ismail	2
Dorling, l.b.w., b Hall	1
Moss, b Hall	13
Shervington, c and b Hall	0
Cockle, c ——, b Hall	1
F. Field, c ——, b Ellis	21
Hollands, c ——, b Hall	5
Mason, b Hall	12
Wiltshire, not out	7
Matthews, b Hall	5
Floyd, b Hall	0
Extras	8
Total	75

Bowling Analysis.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Hall	10	2	23	7
Ismail	3	0	20	1
Ellis	4	2	15	1

CRAIGENGOWER.

S. A. Ismail, c Shervington, b Matthews	2
S. D. Ismail, c Field, b Shervington	21
W. Hall, c Dorling, b Shervington	21
A. S. Ellis, l.b.w., b Mason	7
D. Rumjahn, b Mason	27
H. White, b Mason	0
A Hamid, run out	1
A. E. Hall, b G. Field	13
S. E. Ismail, not out	0
Bilhmoria, l.b.w., b Shervington	6
Extras	6
Total for 9 wickets	107

L. A. Rose, to bat.

Bowling Analyses.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Shervington	8.4	0	24	3
Matthews	5	0	26	1
Mason	8	0	33	3
F. Field	6	0	20	2

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

HONGKONG LEAGUE—DIVISION I.

HONGKONG CLUB, 1; ROYAL NAVY, 0.

This match, played on the Club ground on Saturday, proved a great attraction to footfball enthusiasts. The club fielded its strongest team but the Navy was not at full strength. Play in the first half was fairly even, both sides having hard lines in not scoring, Reichelmann, the Club centre, on one occasion shooting over the bar. The Naval defence throughout was very sound, tackling and clearing the combined rushes of the Club forward line in a very workman-like manner. Biggs, in particular, was a thorn in the Club's side, continually playing them off-side when goals seemed imminent. Half-time arrived with the score sheet blank. In the second half, the Sailors pressed in a very determined manner. McNiven made a fine individual effort but failed to score. This player was always closely shadowed by Stewert, the Club centre-half, who gave him no chance to adopt his usual successful scoring tactics. Stewert was, no doubt, the shining light of the match, using head and feet to the best advantage and feeding his forwards with some lovely passes. McTavish had hard lines in not scoring. Receiving a well-judged pass from Clark, he banged the ball for the goal-mouth, but Crocker made a brilliant save. This spurred McTavish to further efforts, and he was eventually successful in obtaining the one and only goal of the game from a scramble opposite the Naval citadel. This was the first time this season the Navy had been faced with the possibility of defeat, and, rallying their forces, they strove hard to equalize. Fate was against them, however, for the ball was cleared by Hamilton from the goal-line when Gerrard was not in position and a goal looked certain. After this play was mostly in the Naval half, the whistle proclaiming time when Stewert was almost through with a fine individual run. The Club retired victors by the narrow margin of one goal to *nil*.

DIVISION II.

STAFF AND DEPARTMENTS, 4; SOUTH CHINA ATHLETIC, RES., 1.

A large crowd of onlookers witnessed this game, which was fought out on the Naval ground. The Staff kicked off at 2.30 p.m. in the face of a strong sun, which greatly handicapped their play. It was soon evident that they had the better team of the two, the Chinese citadel being continually in jeopardy. Brown, the Staff inside-right, missed several good chances, once failing to score when the ball was only three yards out of the goal-mouth. The Chinese drew first blood, a mix-up in the Staff goal area enabling Chan Kai Wing to net the ball, without giving Glenny much chance to save. Street, in his new position at centre, played a very strenuous game, and soon equalised with a fine low shot, which Ngan Pai Ah failed to reach.

In the second half play was mostly in the Staff's favour, the forwards combining better than previously. Ellarby played a dashing game at inside-left, but his shooting was very erratic and he missed several good chances of increasing the score. The Athletic had hard lines in not scoring from a fine break-away, Glenny clearing by fisting out a very difficult shot. This was about the c serious threat by the Chinese. Brown gave the soldiers their second goal. Shortly afterwards Street scored the third, from a hard drive which Ngan Pai Ah carried over the goal-line. From the kick-off, the Athletic tried to break away, but Kirby, gaining possession of the ball, dashed along the wing and sent in a fine pass to Brown, who promptly returned, giving Kirby a splendid opening which he seized, banging the ball into the net from a difficult angle. There was no further scoring, the Staff winning an easy victory by 4 goals to 1.

MANCHESTER REGT. v. SOUTH CHINA ATHLETIC.

The match between the Manchester Regt. and South China Athletic, timed to start at 4 p.m., did not take place, only five of the soldiers turning up. A huge crowd of Chinese supporters therefore went away disappointed.

SWEDISH ORDER PRESENTED TO MR. WEI YUK.

A pleasing function took place on Saturday, when Mr. J. Ludin, Vice-Consul for Sweden, on behalf of King Gustav V. of Sweden, presented to Mr. Wei Yuk, the Swedish Order of Wasa, First Class, in recognition of services rendered to the Swedish Government. The Order was offered to Mr. Wei Yuk so long ago as 1912, but he could not then be persuaded to accept it.

Mr. Ludin, in pinning the Order on Mr. Wei Yuk's coat, spoke of the valuable service which that gentleman had always rendered to the local Consulate, and mentioned that it was through his good offices that the big contract for the Canton Telephone Exchange was obtained by Sweden.

Mr. Wei Yuk said he was unable adequately to express his thanks for the honours. He did not know what he had done recently to deserve it, though some years ago he might have rendered some little service to the Swedish Government.

A social gathering followed at which much conviviality prevailed. The toast of "The Allies" was honoured, as was also the toast of "China, for the first war she has ever won," as one young lady aptly put it. Those present included Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Yung, Mrs. Violet Chen, Miss Wei, Miss Ng Kuinn, Mrs. W. L. Wei, Mr. Wei Wing San, Mr. Woo Wing Hong, Mr. Wong Kom Tin, Mr. Tso, Mr. Lok Kwei, Mr. Lung Cho Yu, Mr. Sydney S. P. Ng and Mr. Cheng Kwai Hung.

LANE, CRAWFORD AND COMPANY.

CAMP OUTFITS

JAEGERS' PURE WOOL KHAKI JACKETS

ALL SIZES FROM $8.50 EACH.

VIYELLA AND CELLULAR KHAKI SHIRTS

FOX'S SPIRAL AND BOYD'S ELASTIC KHAKI PUTTEES

MARCHING SOCKS.

REGULATION BOOTS.

KHAKI TIES, BRACES, SCARVES, ETC.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

18

Foundry Facings that Stay Put

THE UNITED STATES GRAPHITE CO.

is now represented in China with a complete line of lubricating graphites, boiler graphites, greases, foundry facings and automobile lubricants.

MEXICAN PLUMBAGO FOUNDRY FACINGS

Ground and prepared from selected ore. Work well under hand, tool or brush. These facings peel castings perfectly because they stand the heat and will not run or wash before the metal. "They stay put." Several grades in stock suitable for all classes of work.

ANDERSEN, MEYER & CO., LTD.

1185

Wm. Powell Ltd

TELEPHONE 346

NEW CONSIGNMENT OF

Keltic REGD

BOOTS AND SHOES.

FOR MEN

THE SECRET OF KELTIC SUCCESS:—

"KELTIC'S" are made in Britain to fit the British foot, to please the British taste, to meet every requirement for good form and GOOD WEAR.

SHING KEE CO.

SODA MERCHANTS,

IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERS OF

Caustic Soda, Soda Ash, Muriate of Ammonia, Silicate of Soda, Refined Bicarbonate of Soda, Mineral Water, and Soda Crystal, Bleaching Powder, Sulphur Acid, Sulphate of Ammonia, etc., etc.

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

No. 32, Des Voeux Road West, HONGKONG

[2278

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

HONGKONG POULTRY ASSOCIATION.

A MEETING in connection with the above will be held in the "MUSIC ROOM" of the CITY HALL at 5.15 P.M. on WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 20TH.

BUSINESS:

To form a Poultry Association and to arrange to hold a Poultry Show at an early date.

Hongkong, November 16th, 1918. [2677

G. R.

GOVERNMENT BILLS, ETC.

TENDERS for SPECIE current in TIENTSIN, up to and for the sum of $500,000 current in Tientsin, will be received by the TREASURY CHEST OFFICER, ARMY PAY DEPARTMENT, until 11.30 A.M. on NOVEMBER 19TH, 1918.

The amount accepted is to be placed by the Tenderer to the credit of an account with the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, Tientsin, so as to be available on NOVEMBER 24TH, 1918.

Persons tendering to state alternatively

(a) The amount of Hongkong currency payable in Hongkong on NOVEMBER 20TH, 1918, required for each $1,000 Tientsin currency and/or

(b) The amount of Dollars current in Tientsin per £100 for Telegraphic Transfer on the Lords Commissioners of H.M. Treasury, London.

The tenders to be in duplicate, and in sealed covers, addressed to the TREASURY CHEST OFFICER, ARMY PAY DEPARTMENT, and endorsed "TENDERS FOR GOVERNMENT BILLS, Etc."

The right to accept or reject any or all of the tenders is reserved.

Copies of Forms of Tender can be had on application.

"Persons tendering for (Bills) are hereby notified that, having regard to the provisions of the Acts 22 George III, Cap 45 and 41, George III., Cap. 52, the acceptance of any such Tender is subject to the express condition that no Member of the British House of Commons shall be admitted to any share or part in or to any benefit to arise from the Contract thereby made for the allotment of such (Bills)."

"The provisions in question do not apply to Contracts entered into by any incorporated Company in its corporated capacity and made for the general benefit of the Company."

Any further information can be obtained by personal application to the TREASURY CHEST OFFICER, A.P.D.

T. M. SHERWIN, LIEUT.
Treasury Chest Officer, A.P.D.

His Majesty's Treasury Office.
Hongkong, November 18th, 1918. [2678

KONINKLYKE PAKETVAART MAATSCHAPPY.

(ROYAL PACKET NAVIGATION CO., OF BATAVIA).

THE Steamship

"VAN CLOON"

will be despatched on or about December 17th, 1918, to:

SWATOW, BELEWAN-DELI, PENANG AND RANGOON.

This vessels offers excellent cabin-ac ommodation for saloon-passengers.

Wireless Telegraphy.

For freight and passage apply to:—

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.
Agents.

Hongkong, November 16th, 1918. 2679

G. R.

WAR DEPARTMENT CONTRACTS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at the Headquarters Victoria Barracks, until 12 o'clock Noon on TUESDAY NOVEMBER 26TH, 1918, for the supply of FORAGE for the period January 1st 1919, to March 31st. 1919.

Forms of Tender and other particulars may be obtained from the office of the O.C., A.S.C. at the Headquarters Offices.

Hongkong, November 17th, 1918. [2673

LOST.

A LIVER and WHITE POINTER DOG with no botch on the colour since he 5th inst.

Finder will be rewarded and anyone found detaining same after this Notice will be prosecuted.

Reply to—

S. F.
Care of "Daily Press" Office.
[2665

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST, HONGKONG.

announces a free lecture on

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE

by

BLISS KNAPP, C.S.B.

at the

THEATRE ROYAL,

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 19TH, 1918, AT 5.30 P.M.

[2680

INTIMATIONS

4% FRENCH GOVERNMENT LOAN 1918

(Rente Perpetuelle 4%).

Price of Issue Frs. 70.80

yielding a net income of 5.65%.

Bearing interest from OCTOBER 16th, 1918.

Subscription List will be Opened on OCTOBER 20th, 1918, and Closed on November 20th, 1918.

Further particulars on application to the—

BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE,
5, CHATER ROAD,
M. ROUET DE JOURNEL,
Manager.

Hongkong, October 16th, 1918. [2538

4% FRENCH GOVERNMENT LOAN 1918.

Price of Issue Frs. 70.80.

Bearing interest from OCTOBER 16th, 1918, payable quarterly.

Free of Taxes.

Not to be redeemed for 25 years.

Subscription list will be closed on November 20th, 1918.

Bills and Bonds of the "National Defence" bought before October 29th, are accepted in payment.

Applications will be received by:

THE BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE, (FRENCH BANK)

Princes Building, Charter Road, where full particulars may be obtained.

A. SIRE,
Acting, Manager.

Hongkong, October 19th, 1918. [2557

4% FRENCH GOVERNMENT LOAN 1918.

PRICE OF ISSUE FCS. 70.80.

NET INTEREST PRODUCED 5.65%.

RUNNING FROM OCTOBER 16TH, 1918.

SUBSCRIPTION LIST CLOSING NOVEMBER 20TH, 1918.

SPECIAL FACILITIES FOR FRENCH EXCHANGE, ADVANCES GRANTED AGAINST SCRIP.

FULL PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION TO THE—

RUSSO-ASIATIC BANK,
R. A. RODGERS,
Manager.

Hongkong, October 26th, 1918. [2596

SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE.

21, PRAYA EAST, HONGKONG.

ALL DEPARTMENTS of the above are now OPEN after extensive repairs.

Reading and Writing Rooms, Billiard Room (two tables), Restaurant, Concert Hall and Meeting Room.

Sleeping Accommodation—33 Cabins and 70 Beds in Dormitories.

All men of the Mercantile Marine, H.M. Navy and Army are welcome to use the Institute.

MANAGERESS.
[2539

NOTICE.

I HAVE This Day started Business as a Freight, Share and General Broker.

A. A. ALVES,
Top Floor, York Building,
Phone 1962.

Hongkong, November 14th, 1918. [2569

HEATHER DAY.

ZOOLOGICAL GARDEN.

WANTED:—Elephants, Lions, Tigers for the "Zoo"; also Geese, Turkeys, Poultry, Pigeons, Ducks, Rabbits, Dogs, Cats, etc., the latter to be sold. Communicate with—

A. K. TAYLOR,
No. 4, Government Quarters,
Park Road.
[2663

WANTED.

YOUNG CAPABLE NURSE for Child of 4 years.—Apply Box 84, c/o "Daily Press." [2624

TO LET

TO LET.

From January 1st, 1918.

DESIRABLE 5-ROOM RESIDENCE, No. 4, Broadwood Road.

Apply to—
GEO. E. HALL BRUTTON & Co.,
Chater Road.
[2670

GROUND TO LET.

AT WHITFIELD ROAD, CAUSEWAY BAY, next to our Glass Factory, consisting of 16,000 Square feet, suitable for storing Coal, &c. From January 1st, 1919.

Apply to—
KWONG SANG HONG, LTD.,
248, Des Voeux Road Central.
[2619

TO LET.

A HOUSE in Knutsford Terrace, Kowloon.

Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., LTD.
[2480

TO LET.

A SHOP in Nathan Road, Kowloon.

Apply to:—
HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE Co., LTD.,
Alexandra Buildings.
2000

TO LET.

HOUSES on Shameen, Canton.

A HOUSE in Wongneichong Road.

Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., LTD.
[2

PEAK HOUSE FOR SALE.

NO. 7, MOUNTAIN VIEW, 5 Rooms, Healthiest Locality, finest views.

Apply to—
DENNYS & BOWLEY
[2650

FOR SALE.

GALESEND, 109, THE PEAK, Six Rooms — Grass Tennis Court, immediate possession.

Apply—
C. H. GALE,
Public Works Department.
[2663

A COMPLETE AERATED WATER PLANT FOR SALE.

THE MACHINES are made by Messrs. Bratby & Hinchliffe, Ltd., Manchester, and guaranteed in perfect working order. This complete plant will turn out 2,400 dozen Aerated water per day, purchasers to take over about 6,000 dozen bottles at cost price

Apply by letter—
"AERATED WATER PLANT,"
Care of Hongkong Daily Press,
or
Care of General Post Office,
Box No. 320.
[26

G. R.

NOTICE.

ANY EUROPEAN, Non-Asiatic or Indian desiring to leave the Colony should apply in person at the CENTRAL POLICE STATION between the hours of 9 A.M. to 1 P.M. and 2 P.M. to 4 P.M. daily.

Applicants will be required to produce Passports or identification papers.

All persons with certain exceptions who remain in the Colony for more than 7 days are required to Register themselves under the REGISTRATION of PERSONS ORDINANCE, 1916.

Forms of Registration giving the particulars required may be obtained at the G.P.O. and at all Police Stations.

The Penalty for non-compliance is a fine not exceeding $50.
[58

DAIRY FARM NEWS

CHEESE!

CHEESE!!

CHEESE!!!

Adds variety to your diet and is healthful food.

AMERICAN CHEESE.
FRENCH "
COULOMMIER "
COTTAGE "
PICNIC "
POTTED "
1528

WAI KEE.

FLAG & SAILMAKER.
No. 122, Des Voeux Road Central,
Top Floor,
HONGKONG
Telephone No. 1533.
1667

INTIMATION

WATSON'S NAZALINE.

AN IDEAL

ANTISEPTIC AND

PROPHYLACTIC OINTMENT.

Specially useful for the prevention of

Influenza, Cold in the Head, Nasal Catarrh,

ETC. ETC.

PREPARED ONLY BY

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,

HONGKONG.

TEL. 16. 19

MARRIAGE.

BIGNELL—PAINE.—At Reading, on September 8th, Captain CHARLES BIGNELL, R.A.F., of Shanghai, to GLADYS EMILY, only child of the late HENRY MEYNELL PAINE.

DEATHS.

CHAMBERS.—At a Nursing Home, London, on September 11th, KATHLEEN ANNIE, widow of ALBERT F. CHAMBERS, late of Hongkong, aged 66.

HICKLING.—At Little Firs, Woking, on September 18th, HORACE HICKLING, also of Botolph House, Eastcheap, E.C., and formerly of Foochow, aged 74 years.

HONGKONG OFFICE: 10A, DES VOEUX ROAD, C.
LONDON OFFICE: 181, FLEET STREET, E.C.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, NOVEMBER 18TH, 1918.

GREAT MEN OF THE WAR

THE dramatic collapse of the Germans and the ignominious flight of the KAISER have shattered for ever any belief in the German theories about the production of a superman. We can, however, be thankful that in its stead we have the rare vision of a great man. Perhaps we are too near to the great catastrophe to form a just judgment of the leaders of the Allied peoples and armies. Yet it will be generally admitted that the three men who occupy first place in the public eye are Marshal FOCH, Mr. LLOYD GEORGE, and President WILSON. We believe that, in all the histories that will be written of the last four and a half years, those names will stand out beyond all others. It is a curious fact that one great man seldom or never resembles any other. There has been, for example, only one Plato, one Shakespeare, one Newton. So we cannot compare the three men who stand first in our thoughts to-day either with each other or with any of their predecessors. We cannot even say which is the greatest, any more than we can say that SWEDENBORG or MONTAIGNE was greater than NAPOLEON. For Marshal FOCH represents the soldier, the man of action; while President WILSON is the statesman-philosopher, and Mr. LLOYD GEORGE is the personification of that curious force which moves men and matter and is called energy. They are three men of widely different temperaments; men who posses talents or genius which shine in different directions.

At the moment when Victory has been won, when the men of the Allied armies are actually marching to keep their "watch on the Rhine," it is, perhaps, only natural that we should think most about the Generalissimo who has directed the strategy of the Allies and smashed the forces of the enemy. "Belgium is to be used as a pawn," said the German Chancellor not long ago. FOCH has replied by sweeping the enemy pieces off the chess-board. What manner of man is this French soldier who has humbled the proud legions of the KAISER? Ovid declared "It is not wealth nor ancestry, but honourable conduct and a noble disposition, that makes men great." We can say of FOCH at once that there is ample evidence of "honourable conduct" and "a noble disposition" in his character. The Day of Destiny for FOCH was July 14th, 1918, when the Germans made their last desperate effort to capture Paris. As all the world knows, their abnormal seige-guns had been dropping shells into the French capital, their armies had made the great drive which caused a tremor of anxiety to pass through the British Empire and the United States as well as through France. FOCH had considered all the data at his disposal, made his plans, and calculated the exact moment when to strike back. Patrols had been captured, prisoners had given information, aeroplanes had made observations, and a mass of evidence had been sifted by his master mind; but always there must have been the question as he sat, watch in hand, waiting for the hour of midnight—Was the chain of reasoning sound in all its links. He knew that the enemy excelled in cunning; the prisoners might have been sent to mislead; and so he waited until the burst of artillery told him that the most critical moment in his career had come. The enemy were grasping at the prize they had hoped to snatch in 1914. Paris was now not only the capital of France, but the nerve-centre of the military system of the Allies. The enemy did not care what price be paid if only Paris fell. French *morale* would be severely shaken, his own people would be heartened, and the loot would satisfy the greed of his soldiers. But FOCH was ready. He anticipated the German attack, and he was correct in his calculations that, once the movement had been planned, the German machine would have to roll along its appointed course, for the defect of that wonderful but soulless creation was that, once it was in movement, it had to go on either to grind any obstacle in its path to powder or itself be dashed to pieces.

FOCH, as Professor in the days before the war, always took NAPOLEON as his military model. We can imagine FOCH's admiration for such phrases of NAPOLEON, as "There shall be no Alps" and "My hand of iron was not at the extremity of my arm; it was immediately connected with my head," or, again, "My lads, you must not fear death; when soldiers brave death they drive him into the ranks of the enemy." We may ourselves think of NAPOLEON'S cry: "Good God, how rare men are! There are eighteen millions in Italy and I have with difficulty found two—Dandolo and Melzi." For this war has shown that great men are rare, and in that respect has astonished us. It was a characteristic of NAPOLEON, as of FOCH, that he cared for his soldiers, but demanded of them everything at a crisis. It is impossible to compare the two great Frenchmen, but we already realise that, in character, if not in military genius, FOCH was greater than NAPOLEON. "I made my generals out of mud," said the latter while the former confessed "Prayer enlightened my way." For all that, FOCH had the defects of his virtues, as if Nature were determined to prove that the German notion of the superman is absurd. FOCH had brain and soul, but not the heart of JOFFRE. He inspired admiration rather than personal affection in his men. History, however, will rightly award to him the military glory of the Great Victory. As we look beyond the wreckage of the past four years and see what FOCH'S achievement saved us from we may recall and apply to him NAPOLEON'S words about Marshal NEY: "I have two hundred millions in my coffers, and I would give them all for NEY." Failure on the part of FOCH might have cost the Allies many more weary years of war, hundreds of thousands of precious lives, and untold treasure. Finally their cause must have triumphed because it was the cause of Right against Might, but it was FOCH'S brain that brought about the sudden end, and millions will bless his name for that great achievement. FOCH is the soldier-hero of the war and the Allies gladly lay their tribute at his feet.

We understand that the Hongkong Defence Corps Camp has been abandoned.

One case (one death) of cerebro-spinal fever was reported in the Colony on Saturday.

A meeting to form a Poultry Association and arrange for a poultry show will be held at the City Hall on Wednesday evening.

It is notified in the *Gazette* that H.M. the King has not been advised to exercise his power of disallowance with respect to the following Ordinances.

It is notified in the *Gazette* that all restrictions as to the use of wireless telegraphy by merchant vessels on the China Station have been abolished.

Ordinance No. 3 of 1918.—An Ordinance to prohibit exhibitions, publications, and advertisements of an indecent, obscene, revolting, or offensive nature.

The total output of the Kailan Mining Administration's mines for the week ending November 2nd amounted to 63,726 tons and the sales to 43,894 tons.

Ordinance No. 8 of 1918.—An Ordinance to provide that, with certain exceptions, no person shall reside within the Peak District without the consent of the Governor-in-Council.

H.E. the Officer Administering the Government has been pleased, under instructions from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, to recognise Mr. J. M. Alves as Consul for Brazil in Hongkong.

A Chinese, who was a passenger on the launch *Taikoo*, which was attacked by pirates on Friday afternoon, had $535 stolen from him. It is understood that the Police have arrested several suspects.

H.E. the Officer Administering the Government has appointed Mr. S. W. Tso to be a member of the Sanitary Board for a term of three years with effect from the 15th November, 1918, *vice* Mr. Ng Hon-tsz, resigned.

The engagement is announced of Capt. J. E. L. Hunter, D.S.O., D.F.C., Royal Air Force, only son of Mr. Ellis Hunter, Shanghai, and Miss Muriel Jerome, only daughter of Mr. Charles Jerome, Hazeldene, Littlehampton.

Harmston's Circus re-opened a short season in Kowloon last night before a crowded house. There were several new features in a lengthy programme which was appreciated by all. To-night a riding contest will be held, when any person who successfully stands on a horse, while it goes round the ring thrice, will be awarded a handsome prize.

THE VICTORIOUS ARMISTICE

THE KING'S GREETINGS TO THE PRESIDENT OF PORTUGAL.

The text of the telegram sent by H.M. King George V. to H.E. the President of Portugal has been cabled to H.E. the Governor of Macau and re-transmitted to the Consul for Portugal here for general information. It reads as follows:—

LONDON, 11th, 7.15 a.m.

"I take special pleasure, Mr. President, in addressing myself to you on this auspicious occasion, on which the last of our enemies has laid down his arms. The Alliance which has for so long and so closely united the peoples of Portugal and Great Britain was put to the test against all the assaults of the enemy, and has emerged triumphant in defence of Liberty and Justice. I wish, Mr. President, to request you to accept my personal felicitations and to transmit to our Portuguese Allies the cordial congratulations of the people of my Empire. May the new era, the break of whose dawn we see, bind more closely the ancient ties which unite the people of my empire and that of Portugal, and bring to both prosperity and progress."

(Signed) GEORGE V.
(R).

EXCHANGE OF GREETINGS BETWEEN MACAO AND HONGKONG.

The following telegrams have been exchanged between H.E. the Governor of Macao and H.E. the Officer Administering the Government, Hongkong:—

FROM THE GOVERNOR OF MACAO TO THE GOVERNOR OF HONGKONG

15th November 1918.

"On this historical occasion I beg to congratulate Your Excellency for the good fortune we were favoured with, and rejoice at the words of moving kindness addressed to His Excellency the President of Republic and the Portuguese people by His Majesty King George V. of England. Greeting Your Excellency, I beg to greet His Majesty King George V. and the British Nation.—TAMAGNINI."

FROM THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT, HONGKONG, TO THE GOVERNOR OF MACAO.

16th November 1918.

"I have received Your Excellency's telegram of yesterday with great pleasure, and on behalf of this Colony I thank you for your kind message of greeting on the occasion of the successful Armistice with Germany which I will communicate, through the proper channel, to His Majesty the King. Please accept the assurance of my high consideration.—SEVERN."

THE WAR.

PEACE CONGRESS EARLY NEXT YEAR.

NAVAL ARMISTICE TERMS BEING CARRIED OUT.

THREATENED REVOLUTION IN HOLLAND.

TUMULTUOUS LABOUR DEMONSTRATION IN LONDON.

GENERAL SMUTS ON POST-WAR PROBLEMS

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE ARMISTICE

GERMAN WARSHIPS TO BE SURRENDERED.

LONDON, November 15th.

Reuter's correspondent learns that the cruiser *Koenigsberg*, under Admiral Meurer, with a Commission, comprising three Naval officers and four members of the Sailors' and Soldiers' Council, has arrived at a rendezvous off the Firth of Forth and will be meeting Admiral Beatty to-night, when Admiral Meurer will be informed as to how to surrender the surface ships and submarines.

The procedure will probably be that the German vessels will be conducted to an arranged rendezvous and, after an inspection, navigating parties will be placed on board to take them to their destination.

The battleships to be surrendered will probably be the *Kaiser, Prinz Regent Luitpold, Kaiserin, Konig-Albert, Markgraf, Kron Prinz Wilhelm, Grosserkurfurst, Bayern, Friedrich Der Grosse* and the *Koenig*.

The battle cruisers will probably be the *Derfflinger, Hindenburg, von Dertann, Seidlitz, Moltke* and another.

The *U*-boats interned in Sweden since the Armistice must be handed over to the Allies.

Arrangements have been completed for taking over all the German ships in the Black Sea.

GERMAN PLENIPOTENTIARIES MEET ADMIRAL BEATTY.

LONDON, November 16th.

The *Konigsberg* was unavoidably late at the rendezvous, which is 50 miles east of May Island, off Fifeshire.

A British warship escorted the plenipotentiaries to Rosyth where their credentials were examined. They were then met by Admiral Beatty, who read out the terms of the surrender to them.

ALLIED PEACE DISCUSSIONS.

LONDON, November 16th.

A semi-official statement says that Allied discussion on the Peace preliminaries is unlikely to begin before November 30th. Most of the meetings will be held in Paris but plenary meetings will be held in Versailles.

It is generally anticipated that the Peace Conference proper will begin with the New Year.

THE PEACE CONGRESS.

LONDON, November 15th.

The papers state that the Peace Congress will assemble at Versailles early in the year.

The *personnel* of the British delegation, including experts, interpreters, etc., will probably exceed 200.

ALLIED LEADERS ASSEMBLE IN PARIS.

PARIS, November 15th.

A Havas message states:—

The Allied leaders, Mr. Lloyd George, Signor Orlando, Mr. A. J. balfour, Baron Sonnino, and Colonel House have assembled in Paris.

There are many matters to be arranged before the Peace Conference meets at Versailles early next year.

President Wilson's arrival in Europe will be shortly announced.

President Wilson, as head of a belligerent State, cannot take direct part in the proceedings.

BELGIANS TO OCCUPY ANTWERP.

LONDON, November 15th.

A French official report states:—

Belgian troops are advancing to-day for the purpose of occupying Antwerp, in pursuance of the arrangements made with the German authorities.

QUESTION OF ALSACE-LORRAINE'S NEW FRONTIER.

PARIS, November 15th.

A Havas message states:—

Among the numerous questions requiring investigation before the Peace Conference meets is the question of the new frontier between Alsace-Lorraine and Germany, the choice lying between the frontiers of 1860, 1814 and 1790.

FRENCH TERRITORY ENTIRELY FREED.

PARIS, November 16th.

Le Petit Parisien says that French territory is now entirely freed.

READY FOR THE MARCH TO THE RHINE.

PARIS, November 15th.

A Havas message states:—

On the whole front the Armies are ready for a great march to the Rhine. Marshal Foch, it is expected, will soon be making a solemn entry into Metz. The work of taking over the disannexed territories of Alsace-Lorraine, coming on the heels of the retiring Germans, began on Wednesday.

Three commissioners for the Republic of Upper and Lower Alsace-Lorraine have been appointed: M. Maringer for Strassburg, M. Mirman for Metz and M. Poulet for Colmar, the central control to be vested in M. Maringer.

THE GUILTY MUST BE PUNISHED.

PARIS, November 15th.

A Havas message states:—

The Chamber of Deputies has requested the Government to take steps, in conjunction with the Allies, to open legal proceedings against those responsible for the war, and to demand their extradition. The Tribunal, it is suggested, should be composed of representatives of all countries which suffered by German brutality.

GERMAN APPRECIATION OF ALLIED BENEVOLENCE.

AMSTERDAM, November 15th.

A message from Berlin states the *Germania* considers the present benevolent attitude of the *Entente* and of America towards Germany as proof that they fear neither a repression of freedom nor the return to militarism, and says the favourable impression abroad must be strengthened by all possible means, especially by the immediate summoning of the National Assembly.

WAR PRISONERS BEING RELEASED.

LONDON, November 15th.

Reuter's correspondent at British Headquarters states:—

War prisoners, who were working near the Front when the Armistice was proclaimed, are now coming back in considerable numbers.

According to one party from Waterloo no hindrance was offered to the prisoners' return; some were given lifts in German motor-lorries.

The condition of numerous batches of ex-prisoners straggling towards the British lines is pitiable.

LATER.

A very large number of British prisoners left a concentration Camp near Brussels in spite of threats that they would be shot. The threat was not carried out.

QUESTION OF KAISER'S INTERNMENT.

THE HAGUE, November 15th.

In connection with the question of the Kaiser's internment, the Foreign Ministry states that all the Kaiser's relations with the Army ceased owing to his abdication.

ANOTHER APPEAL BY DR. SOLF.

LONDON, November 16th.

A German official message states that *Dr. Solf has requested* President Wilson to grant permission for a German Commission to visit America in order to purchase food owing to the very extreme conditions in Germany.

BELGIUM'S CONSTITUTION.

LONDON, November 16th.

Correspondents at the British Headquarters state that according to accounts of refugees, when the Armistice was signed, riots broke out in Brussels.

The German soldiers carried Red flags, sang the "Marseillaise," and killed their officers.

Deputations of Brussels citizens, with a German safe-conduct, came to King Albert at Ghent on November 13th and informed him that the people of Brussels desired a more popular form of Constitution under the monarchy.

It is possible that the King's entry into Brussels, fixed for to-day, may be postponed.

REVOLUTION IN GERMANY.

KAISERIN AND PRINCESSES AT POTSDAM.

THE HAGUE, November 15th.

The *Vorwaerts* announces that the Kaiserin, the Crown Princess and the other Princesses will remain at the Neues Palace at Potsdam, which the Soviet is protecting.

MORE GERMAN ABDICATIONS.

COPENHAGEN, November 16th.

The Duke of Saxe-Coburg Gotha, and the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg Schwerin have abdicated.

THE REICHSTAG NO LONGER EXISTS.

AMSTERDAM, November 15th.

The *Rheinisch Westfaelisch Zeitung* states that Herr Ebert has informed Herr Westarp, a member of the Reichstag, that the Reichstag no longer exists.

THE TRAIL OF THE REVOLUTIONISTS.

AMSTERDAM, November 15th.

Apparently a new authority has been established at Brussels, and has been recognised by the German authorities who are unable to maintain order.

Crowds of deserters and convicts are pillaging the shops and attacking the Banks.

Their victims include German officers.

Drunken German soldiers set on fire and exploded the munition depot at Assche, in the vicinity of Brussels.

NATIONAL GOVERNMENT FOR WARSAW.

AMSTERDAM, November 15th.

A message from Warsaw states that the Regency Council has entrusted Commander-in-Chief Pilsudski with the formation of a National Government.

EXTRAORDINARY SCENES IN BRUSSELS.

LONDON, November 15th.

Extraordinary scenes are reported from Brussels. German snipers and machine gunners are shooting at their officers from the windows.

General.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THREATENED REVOLUTION IN HOLLAND.

ALLIES TO SOLVE FOOD PROBLEM.

THE HAGUE, November 15th.

In the Second Chamber the Premier announced that arrangements were being made whereby the Allies would provide Holland with large supplies.

RESIGNATION OF THE QUEEN DEMANDED.

The Revolutionary Socialist, M. Wynkoop, demanded the resignation of the Queen and declared that the Government could not prevent a revolution by satisfying the stomachs of the people.

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST THE QUEEN.

THE HAGUE, November 15th.

In the Second Chamber, M. Troelstra, after alleging that the Queen and her *entourage* wielded militarist influence, denied that the Revolutionary movement in Holland was due to hunger or despair.

It was the conscious expression of the will of the Socialists, who had been awaiting a propitious moment. The Bourgeois rule was rotting, and the Socialists demanded the socialisation of Labour. They did not want anarchy. He did not believe that the Government would be able to rely on the Army and Police.

LANDSTURM CALLED UP.

AMSTERDAM, November 15th.

The Volunteer Landsturm, consisting of men who freely offered their services in 1914, although not obliged to undertake military service, have been called up.

LATEST REPORT FROM AMSTERDAM.

LONDON, November 16th.

There has been some delay in the telegrams from Holland concerning the internal situation; but the latest report from Amsterdam, dated November 14th, states that considerable excitement prevails. Both the Government and the revolutionary parties are sending out leaflets broadcast.

A revolutionary speech outside the Palace evoked very little interest. The Government has prohibited the sale of spirits.

SHORT-LIVED STRIKE IN SWITZERLAND.

EFFECT OF GOVERNMENT'S FIRM ACTION.

BERNE, November 15th.

The strike has ended, as a result of the Federal Council's ultimatum that the leaders would be arrested unless work was resumed immediately.

STRIKERS SHOT BY TROOPS.

LONDON, November 16th.

A telegram from Berne states that the strikers, on November 11th, held up a train between Brigg and Biel containing the Federal Deputies. Troops on the train fired and wounded the strikers.

Three strikers were shot dead on November 14th in a collision with the troops at Grenchen.

A strikers' Committee manifesto, dated November 15th, says that though the strike has ended the struggle of the workers continues and will be developed on syndicalist lines.

BRITISH LABOUR MEETING.

TUMULTUOUS DEMONSTRATIONS IN THE ALBERT HALL.

LONDON, November 15th.

The demonstration in the Albert Hall last evening, following upon the Labour Conference, was of a tumultuous character.

Mr. Smellie, referring to the interruptions, said some of their revolutionary friends wanted to begin immediately to wipe out all authority in London. That was not the way. It was easier to get what they wanted by ballot than by bloodshed.

Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas (Labour M.P. for Derby) said it was useless to howl at other people if they were not intelligent enough to vote for Right.

Mr. Arthur Henderson urged the necessity of reconstructing the Internationale. They did not want Bolshevism during peace, for it meant bloodshed.

BRITAIN'S MERCHANT FLEET.

THEIR WAR SERVICE EXTOLLED.

LONDON, November 15th.

The Board of the Admiralty, in thanking the Mercantile Marine and the fishing industry for their incomparable services during the war, says that without the former's loyal co-operation with the Navy and its indomitable courage, the enemy's submarine campaign must inevitably have attained its object. The success achieved against the submarine was also largely due to the interest taken by owners in the defensive equipment of their ships.

Moreover, the convoy system which played so important a part in frustrating the enemy's designs and securing the safe passage of the United States Army necessitated the practising of a new science of station keeping. The accuracy of this greatly depended on the engineers' adaptability and skill.

On board all ships, from the largest Dreadnought to the smallest patrol boat, there were found officers and men of the Mercantile Navy combining with those of the Royal Navy in fighting the enemy and defeating his nefarious methods of warfare. In the interests of our glorious Empire the close conection between merchantmen and the Royal Navy must prove a lasting one.

THE COALITION MINISTRY.

LABOUR MINISTERS TO REMAIN IN THE GOVERNMENT.

LONDON, November 15th.

It is understood that the Labour Ministers have decided to remain in the Coalition Ministry.

WOMEN TO ENTER PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, November 15th.

In the House of Lords, the Bill enabling women to sit in Parliament was finally passed.

Lord Haldane's amendment permitting Peeresses to sit in the House of Lords in their own right was rejected by 33 votes to 14.

THE SILVER MARKET.

LONDON, November 15th.

The silver market is steady. 48½d. has been fixed as the maximum price by the Government.

PRICE OF SILVER FIXED.

LONDON, November 16th.

The *Gazette* announces that the Treasury has fixed the maximum price of silver bullion in the United Kingdom at 49½d. a standard ounce.

Naval Activities.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

FRENCH MINE-SWEEPER STRIKES A MINE.

PARIS, November 15th.

A Havas message states:—

The French minesweeper *Bavot*, working in the Gulf off Alexandretta, struck a mine and was blown up.

Four of the crew have been lost.

FAR EASTERN CABLE NEWS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CESSATION OF HOSTILITIES ORDERED IN CHINA.

PEKING, November 16th.

The President issued a mandate to-day ordering a cessation of hostilities on all fronts in China.

CHINA'S ENVOY TO THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

Much comment has been caused by the Foreign Minister, Lu Cheng-hsiang, being appointed Envoy Extraordinary to the Peace Conference, inasmuch as his recent approval of the representative of the Vatican angered France. The Chinese Ministers to America and England have been appointed Deputies. No foreigners have been appointed, though Dr. Morrison has an unrivalled knowledge of China. This action is believed to be due to the influence of Japan.

[BY COURTESY OF THE "CHUNG NGOI SAN PO."]

IN CELEBRATION OF THE ALLIES' SUCCESS.

PEKING, November 17th.

The President has invited the Allied Ministers in Peking to the ceremony which will be held in the President's office on the 18th inst. to celebrate the Allies' victory.

FOREIGN MINISTER'S DEPARTURE FOR EUROPE.

Luk Ching-chang, who has been appointed Plenipotentiary to the European Peace Conference, has left for Europe.

Lau Yan-king has been appointed acting Minister for Foreign Affairs.

ROYAL HONGKONG GOLF CLUB.

R. A. LAWSON WINS THE CHAMPIONSHIP.

YESTERDAY'S EXCITING MATCH.

Yesterday, at Fanling, R. A. Lawson, a comparative new-comer to the Colony, wrested the title of champion of the Royal Hongkong Golf Club from A. Ritchie, the holder. Lawson came from Shanghai a few months ago with a big golfing reputation, having won the Shanghai championship on one occasion, but not till the competition was well under weigh was he regarded as a serious rival to Ritchie, who put up a good fight yesterday, although handicapped by having been unwell for nearly the whole of last week.

The match was played over 36 holes in beautiful weather. Lawson started in much the better form, and at the turn he was 2 up. Ritchie had so far both been driving and putting badly. After the turn Ritchie played much more successfully, and, winning the next four holes in succession, completely altered the complexion of the game. Then he lost his ball, but, despite Lawson's efforts to reduce the leeway, Ritchie won the 18th hole and was 2 up at the end of the morning's play.

Ritchie started the afternoon's 18 holes somewhat streakily, and lost the first hole through missing an easy putt. He kept his lead, however, till the turn, after which, Lawson, gradually, and just as he had been, overhauled in the morning, forged ahead, winning hole after hole till the positions had been reversed. At the 15th hole Lawson was 2 up, and it seemed as if all was over, when Ritchie made a fine effort and secured the 16th hole. The 17th hole was halved and Ritchie came very near to winning the 18th hole also, but Lawson, playing very coolly, won the match with a three-foot putt.

The morning's detailed scores were not taken, but in the afternoon Lawson did the 18 holes in 83 (3 over bogey) and Ritchie in 86.

Play commenced shortly after 9.15 a.m. Ritchie drove off well, and his second shot placed him in a good position on the further side of the green. Lawson got on to the edge of the green in his second shot. The hole was halved in 4.

Ritchie got into the rough from his second drive. Lawson brought off an excellent drive and was on the green with his second. Ritchie made a good recovery and won the hole, which put him one up.

Lawson landed on the third green with his drive, and, bringing off a good approach, holed out in three and won the hole, making things all square again. Ritchie missed a short putt.

Lawson found the fourth green with his second drive, but Ritchie did not make sufficient allowance for the wind and went too much to the left. Both players missed possible putts, and Lawson eventually went down in six, winning the hole and taking the lead for the first time.

Ritchie duffed his second shot, but made a good recovery with his third and finished up with a good approach. Lawson's first drive gave him an advantage which his opponent could not make up for, and he won the fifth hole. He was thus 2 up early in the game.

Ritchie won the sixth hole. His second shot over-ran the green, but left him in a position to get in a good approach. Lawson drove into a bunker but made a good recovery.

Lawson's drive off the seventh tee bounced on the green and went into the rough on a slope on the further side, Ritchie drove short and found the bank with his second. Lawson won the hole and was again 2 up.

The next was the first of the "blind" holes, and Lawson, driving off, sent his ball down the bank. He made an ineffectual attempt to scoop it out and gave up the hole. Ritchie holed out in four.

Ritchie drove short on hard ground, while Lawson, whose first drives nearly always left him in front of his opponent, landed in a much better position. The wind took Ritchie's second away, and Lawson followed up his original advantage with a neat approach. Ritchie missed a possible putt and the ninth hole went to Lawson, who was again 2 up.

Ritchie had had luck with his first shot over the hill from the tenth tee, while Lawson got off a good first and an equally strong second. Ritchie made a smart recovery on the green, winning the hole in 5.

Ritchie was visibly improving in his play, and won the eleventh hole in very confident style. Both drove well, but Lawson duffed his third and missed a somewhat easy approach.

Ritchie drove out a dead straight one and hit the pin. Lawson landed on the bank to the right and with his second, chopped it down to the green. Ritchie was in too good a position to lose this hole. He went out in three and regained the lead.

Lawson found his ball rather awkwardly placed a little way down the bank on the way to the 13th hole but got out very well. Ritchie was very consistent, and won the hole in 4, becoming 2 up.

The wind took Lawson's ball away to the right, while Ritchie's second over-ran the 14th green and was lost among the long grass on the further side of the bank. The customary five minutes was spent in looking for the ball, and no sooner did Ritchie give up the hole for "lost ball" than the ball was found. Ritchie, of course, lost the hole and was again 1 up.

Both drove off well from the 15th tee, but Ritchie duffed his second and Lawson mishit his third. Both players missed possible putts, and Ritchie finally holed out in 6.

Ritchie got into the rough with his first, but, recovering well, drove a long second which reached the edge of the green. Lawson made allowance for the wind and brought off one of the finest drives of the morning's play. Both players made fine approaches. Ritchie had hard luck in that one of his putts took the edge of the hole and rebounded. The hole, the 16th—was halved.

The seventeenth hole found both men playing carefully. Ritchie missed an easy putt and Lawson won the hole.

There was little to choose between the drives, but Lawson found the bunker with his second and Ritchie, gaining an advantage, won the hole in 4. Ritchie was thus 2 up on the 18 holes played in the morning.

THE AFTERNOON'S PLAY.

Starting with the satisfactory lead of 2 up in the afternoon, Ritchie drove well and found the further end of the green with his second. Both players missed possible putts, and Ritchie missed a perfect "sitter" from about a foot away. The hole went to Lawson.

Both players drove off well. Lawson went on the top of the bank with his second, while Ritchie was on the edge of the green. It should have been Ritchie's hole, but he missed another putt and the hole was halved in 5. Ritchie was still leading (1 up.)

There was little to choose between the first drives. Ritchie brought off a remarkably good approach and won the hole in 3.

Ritchie found a bunker with his drive, but got in his second and his approach so well that he was able to halve the 22nd hole in 5. Lawson made a poor approach.

Lawson got in a very good second which left him about 3 feet from the 23rd hole. Ritchie found himself on the side of the bank and brought off a good approach, but moved his ball on the green. Lawson missed a possible putt, but holed out in 4 and thus reduced Ritchie's lead again.

Both players went very level from the next tee, but seemed nervous on the green. Lawson missed a two-foot putt and the hole was halved, Ritchie bringing off a fine approach.

Lawson got on the rough with his drive, while Ritchie found himself halfway up a sloping bank. Lawson duffed his second, and overran the green with his third. Ritchie brought off a good approach and finished in 4, winning the hole.

Lawson took good care to drive well away from the steep slope on the way to the eighth hole, where he had gone down in the morning. Ritchie got in a good third and all but brought off a six-foot putt. The hole was halved.

Ritchie got well on to the green with his third, but Lawson brought off a remarkably good approach, landing within two feet of the pin. He followed it up by holing his ball, and won the hole.

Both players brought off poor second shots. Ritchie got his third on the top of the slope and approached within two feet of the pin. Lawson over-ran the green, but was able to halve the hole. Ritchie was still 1 up.

Ritchie got in a much better drive than his opponent, but both players went into the rough with their third. Ritchie was in a most awkward position, but extricated himself exceedingly well. Lawson had the advantage of position and won the hole. The score was therefore "all square" at the 29th (11th) hole.

Each man got off an exceedingly good drive, and the 30th hole was halved in three.

Amid some excitement the next hole was halved. Play was very even. Lawson got his second down a bank, but made a good recovery.

Lawson brought off a magnificent drive from the 32nd (14th) tee, but nearly lost a fairly certain hole with a poor approach. Ritchie got out of the rough into a fairly good position. Lawson brought off a superb approach and very nearly holed from the edge of the green. He won the hole and resumed the lead, which he had lost at the twelfth hole in the morning.

Ritchie got into the rough on the right, while Lawson brought off a fine straight second and landed well on the green with his third, winning in 4.

Ritchie's was rather the better drive of the two. Lawson found the rough and then over-ran the pin. Ritchie made a magnificent approach and won the hole in 3. Lawson was now only 1 up and two to go.

Lawson duffed his first drive and went none too far with his second. He had a bad lie among stones for his third, and smothered it again. Ritchie found the green with his third, but Lawson made a good approach. Lawson missed a 3-foot putt, the hole being halved in 5.

The last hole was played amid great excitement. Lawson drove shorter than his opponent, who also made a fine approach. Ritchie had to putt from about four feet and, when he had performed this successfully, it looked as if he would win the hole and make matters square. Lawson, however, holed out in fine style and won the match by one up amid loud applause.

The full results of the championship competition are as follow:—

FIRST ROUND.

W. Ross beat E. Davidson, 3 up and 2 to play.

S. Evans beat A. C. Leith, 2 up and 4 to play.

E. Des Vœux beat N. J. Stabb, 4 up and 2 to play.

R. A. Lawson beat Hon. D. Landale, 5 up and 3 to play.

H. C. Sandford beat L. N. Leefe, 2 up and 1 to play.

J. Hooper beat Capt. C. H. Goode, 1 up.

A. B. Stewart beat G. S. Archbutt, 5 up and 4 to play.

R. E. Macdongall beat R. P. Thursfield, 5 up and 4 to play.

SECOND ROUND.

F. A. Redmond beat R. E. Lindsell, 1 up.

M. A. Murray beat F. Syme Thompson, 4 up and 3 to play.

Ross beat Evans, 6 up and 5 to play.

Lawson beat Des Vœux, 5 up and 4 to play.

Sandford beat Hooper, 1 up (at the 20th hole).

Stewart beat Macdougall.

F. J. de Rome beat S. H. Dodwell.

A. Ritchie beat E. J. Grist, 5 up and 4 to play.

THIRD ROUND.

Murray beat Redmond.

Lawson beat Ross, 5 up and 4 to play.

Stewart beat Sandford, 6 up and 5 to play.

Ritchie beat de Rome, 3 up and 2 to play.

SEMI-FINAL.

Lawson beat Murray, 5 up and 4 to play.

FINAL.

Lawson beat Ritchie, 1 up (at the 18th hole).

With the Coming of Peace

YOUR BUSINESS IS GOING TO EXPAND: YOU MUST HAVE MORE HELP

WHY NOT GET A MACHINE?

IT WILL SAVE TIME AND MONEY AND ENSURE ACCURACY.

The "SUNDSTRAND" Adding and Listing Machine. Quickest and most compact Adder and Lister on the Market.

The "MARCHANT" Calculating Machine. Quick to Calculate and simple to operate.

The "MONROE" Calculator. A Combined Adding and Calculating Machine, Speedy and Accurate.

The "BARRETT" Computing Machine. The most compact and portable Adding, Listing and Calculating Machine.

Our Representative MR. E. R. BRADLEY, is now visiting Hongkong and will be pleased to demonstrate the above Machines.
Address:—ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL, HONGKONG.

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.,
Specialists in Modern Office Equipment,
4, CANTON ROAD, SHANGHAI.

[2634

CUTLER PALMER & CO'S

SOLE AGENTS IN HONGKONG AND SOUTH CHINA
LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.,
and from ALL WINE MERCHANTS.

[83

These tiny Capsules — superior to Copaiba, Cubebs, and Injections — CURE the same diseases as these drugs in
FORTY-EIGHT HOURS
without inconvenience.
Each Capsule bears the name.
Paris, 8, rue Vivienne
Sold by all Chemists.

SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.

MOTOR DEPARTMENT.

Tel. 781.

WORKS AND GARAGE,

No. 7, Russell Street, Wanchai.

Tel. 659.

All Classes of Repairs to Motor Cars carried out under expert European Supervision. Cars taken on Monthly terms, including Storage, Cleaning, Repairs, Insurance, etc.

[2230

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

LA MINERVA CIGARS

have that purity and fragrance that appeal to all smokers. Established in the year 1883, and with all the experience and wisdom gained in the manufacture of Cigars for over thirty years it is not to be wondered at that these cigars are so popular. They are manufactured from the most carefully selected leaf grown in the fields of Isabela province in the valley of Cagayan.

IN GREAT ASSORTMENT, INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING:—

Fancy Tales,	Monarcas,	Reina Maria,
Imperiales,	Perfectos,	Epicures,
Ministros,	Estrellas,	Panetelas,

Army and Navy, Lords of England.

SOLE AGENTS FOR
HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA.
LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

[1351

THE WAR.

The following Cables were received on Saturday night and issued in our early morning Extra yesterday.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE ARMISTICE.

CONGRATULATORY ADDRESS TO H.M. THE KING.

LONDON, November 14th.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Bonar Law stated that His Majesty had intimated that he wished to send a message to the Empire by addressing both Houses of Parliament and official representatives of the Dominions and India in England.

It had been decided that the best way of doing this would be that both Houses of Parliament should present an Address to His Majesty.

The Address would be moved in both Houses on November 18th or 19th and both Houses would proceed to the Royal Gallery to receive His Majesty's reply.

LATER.

The Premier will move in the House of Commons on November 17th "that a humble Address be presented to His Majesty, congratulating His Majesty on the conclusion of the Armistice and the prospects of a victorious peace."

THEIR MAJESTIES CHEERED IN SOUTH LONDON.

LONDON, November 14th.

Their Majesties toured South London, and were enthusiastically cheered by great crowds.

FORMAL ENTRY INTO BRUSSELS.

LONDON, November 14th.

The King and Queen of the Belgians have arranged to formally enter Brussels on November 16th.

FRENCH ADMINISTRATION OF ALSACE-LORRAINE.

PARIS, November 14th.

The Government have appointed High Commissioners to administer Alsace-Lorraine.

GERMAN TROOPS RETURNING HOME.

AMSTERDAM, November 14th.

A telegram from Berlin states that the Chief Burgomaster has issued a statement that great numbers of German troops, returning from the Front, are behaving in a most disorderly manner. He appeals to all parties to master the danger.

GREAT BRITAIN CONGRATULATES FRANCE.

PARIS, November 14th.

Lord Derby, the British Ambassador, has congratulated France on behalf of the British Government. England, he said, would always be grateful to France for what France had done and both countries would remain closely united after the war.

DEMAND FOR THE KAISER'S TRIAL.

PARIS, November 14th.

A Havas message says:—

What to do with the Kaiser is the question most keenly debated in Paris. The French Press demands that the Kaiser be placed on trial by the free peoples, for the murder of 20,000,000 men and for the ravaging of towns. No agreeable retirement should be allowed.

REQUISITIONING IN GERMANY.

PARIS, November 14th.

A Havas message says:—

Leading business men in France demand the appointment of 20 officers, who are business specialists, for the purpose of carrying out requisitioning in Germany, having the same power of seizure as the German officers arrogated in France.

FULFILLING ITS CONDITIONS.

PARIS, November 14th.

A Havas message says:—

A period of five days has been allowed the enemy to hand over to the French troops the armament and material of all kinds stipulated in the Armistice.

The French Army will begin the occupation of territories as the German evacuation proceeds.

THE GERMAN REVOLUTION.

"ELABORATE CAMOUFLAGE."

LONDON, November 14th.

Most of the Paris newspapers distrust the attitude of Germany's new rulers.

Le Matin declares that they are playing at revolution in order to secure a modification of the *Entente's* terms.

Le Echo de Paris states that the German revolution is an elaborate camouflage.

CURIOUS SITUATION IN GERMANY.

LYONS, November 15th.

A message from Berlin states that it is difficult to obtain an assured judgment upon the situation in Germany. Nevertheless, it is noteworthy that all the officials of the old *régime* are still functioning, including the *personnel* of the Government.

Properly speaking, Dr. Solf continues to sign the Notes sent to the Allies. General von Scheuch, War Minister, remains at his post, and General von Hindenburg retains his Command.—*French Wireless.*

THE NEW GERMAN GOVERNMENT.

COPENHAGEN, November 14th.

A telegram from Berlin states that the new German Government consists of Herr Ebert, Minister for the Interior and Minister for Military Affairs, Herr Haase, Minister for Foreign Affairs, Herr Scheidemann, Minister of Finance and Minister for the "Colonies," Herr Dittmann, Minister for Demobilisation, Minister of Justice, and Minister of Health, Herr Landsberg, Minister of Publicity and Minister for Fine Arts and Herr Barth, Minister of Social Policy.

MODERATE MOVEMENT IN SOUTH GERMANY.

COPENHAGEN, November 14th.

There is a strong moderate movement throughout South Germany. Non-Socialists as well as Socialists have been appointed ministers in Bavaria, Wurtemberg, Hessen and Baden.

AN APPEAL FROM THE GOVERNMENT.

COPENHAGEN, November 14th.

The Berlin Government requests that military discipline and the right of punishment be maintained in the Fleet, that officers be obeyed, and that the Soviets support them in maintaining discipline, and, finally, issues a warning against the damaging of ships or other establishments.

A "TRULY DEMOCRATIC" STATE.

COPENHAGEN, November 15th.

The Centre Party in the Reichstag has issued an appeal demanding equal rights for its principles. The National Liberals, in an appeal, promise to co-operate in the establishment of a truly democratic State, and demand the early election of the National Convention.

PRUSSIAN CROWN PROPERTY CONFISCATED.

LONDON, November 14th.

A German official message says:—

The new Prussian Government has issued a proclamation confiscating entailed property of the Prussian Crown, and placing it under the administration of the Ministry of Finance. Unentailed property which belongs personally to the King and the Royal Family is not affected.

REVOLUTIONIST PLENIPOTENTIARIES PUT TO SEA.

LONDON, November 14th.

The light cruiser *Koenigsberg* put to sea on Wednesday with plenipotentiaries of the Workmen's and Soldiers' Council of the Fleet to meet the British Admiralty's representatives.

Admiral von Hipper, Chief of the High Seas forces, participates in the negotiations as expert adviser on the execution of the Naval conditions of the Armistice.

General.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE CROWN PRINCE NOT DEAD.

AN UNWELCOME VISITOR IN HOLLAND.

LONDON, November 14th.

The various rumours as to the whereabouts of the German ex-Crown Prince have been set at rest by the definite report from Amsterdam that he crossed into Holland at Oudvrochoven with his *suite* in four automobiles, and was brought to Government House at Mastricht. Apparently the authorities are considering the situation caused by the arrival of the unwelcome visitor.

AMSTERDAM, November 13th.

Three officers accompanied the Crown Prince who, on leaving Spa, motored by a circuitous route to avoid German troops. All four were disarmed by the Dutch Frontier guards and devoured the food and beer given to them.

The Crown Prince appeared to be in excellent humour. He asked for cigarettes, chatted with the guards and asked for the latest news from Berlin.

It is now certain that the Kaiser was not accompanied by any of his family. He and several German officers motored for two hours in the neighbourhood of Amerongen.

POST-WAR PROBLEMS.

IMPRESSIVE SPEECH BY GENERAL SMUTS.

LONDON, November 14th.

General J. C. Smuts, representing the Government, as host, at a dinner in London, to a number of American Editors, said that America's collaboration with the British Empire in reconstructing the future of the world was as significant and promising as was her entry into the war.

He paid a tribute to the large-hearted and sportsmanlike way the British were celebrating peace—no vindictiveness, no hymns of hate.

"I had little differences with the British, as you had, but let's freely and frankly admit that they are a great people. (Cheers.)

The fearfulness of the fate of Prussian militarism is the most awful and most solemn judgment in history, but all Europe to-day is broken and bleeding and her ancient institutions are collapsing wholesale."

He said there was danger of a great set-back from which Europe would not recover for generations. The Allies must now organise the world against hunger and unemployment, owing to the new continental situation.

A LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

It was rapidly being recognised that a League of Nations had become a sheer practical necessity. The inter-Allied machinery which was going to ration the countries against hunger was the first step towards a League. Similarly, owing to shortages, raw materials would have to be rationed.

The future map of Europe would soon be a veritable medley of small nations, some of which were already threatened with internal disorders. Therefore, a future international organisation to keep peace was imperative.

Thus a League, from small beginnings, would develop vitality and attract a great volume of public opinion, eventually becoming strong enough to essay the supreme task of preserving the peace of the world.

GERMANY'S LOST COLONIES.

The League, moreover, could be usefully employed to depute a nation to act on the League's behalf in governing certain territories, as in the case of some German ex-Colonies. Some of these were quite fairly and properly claimed by, and must given to, the Dominion which conquered them, but as regards those not so claimed certain Powers might be deputed hold such Colonies as mandatories of the League until the question of their ultimate disposal was settled, because the Allies would resist to the utmost their restoration to Germany, as it was impossible to foresee how Germany would develop in the future.

THE POLICY OF CONCILIATION.

Concluding, General Smuts eloquently urged the making of the best use of the present opportunities. The age of miracles was never past. The whole world was again plastic and susceptible to the new creative impression, and of being remade to better ends on lines of universal freedom and justice, thus permanently establishing goodwill among all classes and nations.

The history of South Africa since the Boer War bore immortal testimony to the wisdom of the policy of conciliation. If the victors in this, the greatest of wars, approached the problems of the future in the same large temper as the British did in South Africa, he believed that a great reconciliation of the peoples of the world might eventuate, even to the disappearance of war itself.

PEACE TERMS WITH TURKEY

AN EXCELLENT SUGGESTION.

LONDON, November 14th.

In the House of Commons, Major Newman suggested that the peace terms with Turkey should ensure to the British Empire the effective custody of that portion of Gallipoli where so many of the Dardanelles Expeditionary Force were buried.

Lord Robert Cecil replied that he was grateful for the suggestion, which would be carefully borne in mind.

AN AUSTRIAN APPEAL.

WASHINGTON, November 16th.

Austria has asked President Wilson for his good offices with the Allies for the modification of one of the terms of the Turkish Armistice so as to permit several thousand Austro-Hungarians to remain in Turkish territory instead of returning home, thus adding to the serious food problem.

FLIGHT OF YOUNG TURK LEADERS.

LYONS, November 15th.

According to news from Constantinople, the leaders of the Young Turk Committee, notably Enver Pasha, Talaat Pasha and Djemal Pasha, have fled.

All three are accused of the embezzlement of public funds.—*French Wireless.*

THE AALAND ISLANDS.

DESIROUS OF UNION WITH SWEDEN.

STOCKHOLM, November 14th.

A delegation from the Aaland Islands has informed the Allies that the Islanders unanimously desire union with Sweden.

(*Continued on Page 7.*)

AMERICA'S LEADING MOTORCYCLE

Indian

"Count the Indians on the road"

We have just received a shipment of 1918 BIG TWINS with Electric equipment. Price has been reduced to $580—the lowest it has ever been. Later shipments will be higher in price. Next year's Indian will be exactly the same as the 1918 model.

ALEX. ROSS & Co.,
4, Des Voeux Road Central,
Telephone 2487.

[2414

THE VICTORY SMILE

SEE him smile. He has heard the great good news and it pleases him immensely as it pleases every one of us. Who is he? Never mind. It's a sure thing he's no Hun. They can't smile that way in Germany nowadays. There is something behind that smile that you should know.

HE has been thinking out how to help the boys who have won the great Victory and he has come to a decision. The decision is to devote all his spare cash to help the wounded and he is going to have some fun for his money. You will see him on HEATHER DAY buying rosettes, you will see him at St. Andrew's Fair shying balls at the effigy of Kaiser Bill and, just for luck, he is going to buy some tickets in St. Andrew's War Bond Drawing. He knows where the money is going and he feels in a much happier mood over parting with it than he did last year at this time. You think it all out and you, too, will stump up and smile.

HEATHER DAY

ST. ANDREW'S FAIR

November 29th, 1918.

ST. ANDREW'S WAR BOND DRAWING

December 31st, 1918.

TICKETS ON SALE AT ALL BANKS, CLUBS, HOTELS AND STORES.

[2365

THE WAR.

(Continued from page 6.)

FOOD SHORTAGE IN HOLLAND

ALLIES TAKING RELIEF STEPS.

LONDON, November 15th.
Reuter learns that the Allies are taking most energetic steps to relieve the food shortage in Holland, which is the chief cause of the present unrest. The situation is already easier and it is hoped that Allied action will alleviate the gravity of the position.

SYNDICALIST STRIKES IN COPENHAGEN.

NUMEROUS CASUALTIES.

COPENHAGEN, November 14th.
Syndicalist riots have occurred in Copenhagen and some provincial towns. A number of persons were injured. Many arrests were made.

THE STRIKE IN SWITZERLAND.

PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES BEING TAKEN.

BERNE, November 14th.
The National Council, by 136 votes to 15, approved the Federal Council's military and other precautionary measures.

ANTI-SEMITIC PROGRUM AT WARSAW.

LONDON, November 14th.
The Foreign Office, hearing that an anti-Semitic program is proceeding at Warsaw, has issued a warning against violence, which is threatening the peoples from the Rhine to the Volga. It points out that the Allies and the United States stand ready to help to restore order, but are powerless if the people embark on anarchy.

AMERICAN NEWSPAPER CENSORSHIP WITHDRAWN.

WASHINGTON, November 14th.
The withdrawal of newspaper censorship is officially announced.

ANOTHER AUSTRIAN CABINET RESIGNS

AMSTERDAM, November 14th.
A telegram from Vienna states that the Lammasch Cabinet has resigned.

BAVARIAN TROOPS EVACUATE THE TYROL.

AMSTERDAM, November 14th.
A telegram from Innsbruck states that Bavarian troops have evacuated the Tyrol.

GENERAL MACKENSEN'S ARMY RETURNING.

AMSTERDAM, November 14th.
A telegram from Budapest states that the Hungarian Government is providing six trains daily for transport of General von Mackensen's army.

BRITISH MERCHANT SHIPPING.

LONDON, November 14th.
In the House of Commons Sir Lee Choizza Money stated that the merchant shipping output would soon be 3,000,000 tons yearly. He believed that British shipping would play a part in the future which would not be inferior to the part it had played in the past.

NEW BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

POLLING ON DECEMBER 14TH.

LONDON, November 14th.
In the House of Commons, Mr. Bonar Law announced that he proposed to recommend to His Majesty to issue, on November 25th, a proclamation summoning a new Parliament. Nomination day would be on December 4th; polling day on December 14th, and votes would be counted on December 21st or 28th.
Parliament would be prorogued on November 20th or 21st.

WINTER RACING AT HOME.

GOVERNMENT VETO REMOVED.

LONDON, November 14th.
The Government *veto* on winter racing has been removed.

PRESIDENT WILSON TO VISIT ENGLAND.

LONDON, November 16th.
Reuter learns that President Wilson is coming to England shortly.

MORE WAR DECORATIONS.

A NEW "STAR" APPROVED.

LONDON, November 14th.
In the House of Commons Mr. Ian MacPherson announced that it had been agreed that a Star similar to the 1914 Star, but dated 1914-5, be given to all naval men and marines who had served on a warship at sea prior to December 31st, 1915, and to all soldiers and members of the air forces who had served in any war theatre prior to the same date.
Nobody would receive the 1914-5 Star as well as the 1915 Star.

LABOURITES IN THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT.

BIG VOTE IN FAVOUR OF WITHDRAWAL.

LONDON, November 14th.
A Labour Party Conference passed a resolution in favour of the Labourites withdrawing from the Government by 2,117,000 against 80,000 votes.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

WHITEAWAY'S

HAVE JUST OPENED OUT.

SMART AUTUMN MODELS
IN FELTS, VELVETS, ETC.
Price $5.50 to $25.00

WHITE FELT HATS.
Price $5.50 to $10.50

DAINTY MILLINERY FOR LITTLE GIRLS AND MAIDS
in white felt, black and coloured Silks and Velvet.
Price from $3.00 upwards.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.,

20, DES VŒUX ROAD, HONGKONG.

Tel. 92. Chinese Name "WAYLOO."

[268

THE

Here We Are Again!

"THE STUNTS"

(Presented by Mr. P. A. Rosario)

AT THE

THEATRE ROYAL

ON WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 27TH,

AT 9 P.M.

in aid of the "HEATHER DAY" Fund.

STUNTS

Come and see the Fun	Entirely New Musical Programme presented	"My Lord In Livery" Again	Scot Songs Dances Reels Gags.

Prices of Admission:
DRESS CIRCLE, $3.00. STALLS, $3.00.
GALLERY & PIT, $2.00 & $1.00.

Booking at ANDERSON'S.

THE STUNTS

[2676

MACARONI, PASTE STARS, EGG NOODLES, VERMICELLI, AND ALL KINDS OF SOUP STUFFS.

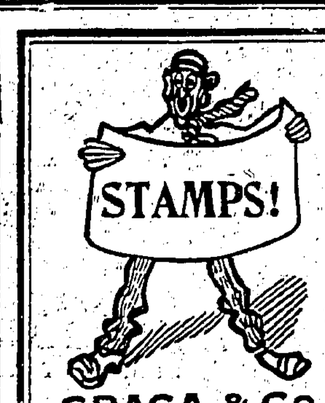
ALL our Pastes bear the "Rooster" label and are made from Flour of the Best Quality containing a large percentage of Gluten. Starch and Gluten are the principal components of Flour. Gluten is easier to digest and contains more nutriment than Starch. Manufactured under the most sanitary conditions.
Large quantities have been exported to various important cities in the World.
Terms moderate, especially for Agencies. Orders executed promptly.

THE HING WAH PASTE MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

Head Office: No. 47 and 48, Connaught Road, Central, Hongkong; Telephone No. 1239.
Principal Factory: No. 71, North Soochow Road, Shanghai, China; Telephone No. 3385.
Branch Factory: Wing Hing Street, Causeway Bay, Hongkong.
Cable Address: "HINGWAH." 2237

HALF A CENTURY REPUTATION.
DR. LE CLERC'S PILLS FOR THE LIVER & KIDNEYS
Invaluable for diseases of these important organs, Gravel, Pains in the Back, Gout, Rheumatism, &c. Price 3s., leading Chemists, or post free. DR. LE CLERC MED. CO., HAVERSTOCK ROAD, NW., LONDON, ENGLAND. Depots: Paris, 12, RUE CASTIGLIONE; New York, 90, BEEKMAN STREET; Toronto, LYMANS, LTD.; Australia, ELLIOT BROS., Sydney and Brisbane; NEW ZEALAND DRUG CO., LTD., Auckland, Christchurch, Dunedin, Wellington; India, B. K. PAUL & Co., Calcutta.

[2675



GRAÇA & Co.
DEALERS IN
POSTAGE STAMPS, POST CARDS, FLOWER SEEDS, TOYS, &c., &c.
No. 10, WYNDHAM STREET, HONGKONG, CHINA.

[1694

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY
THERAPION No. 1
THERAPION No. 2
THERAPION No. 3
No. 1 For Bladder Catarrh. No. 2 for Blood & Skin Diseases. No. 3 for Chronic Weaknesses. SOLD BY LEADING CHEMISTS. PRICE IN ENGLAND, 8s. DR. LE CLERC MED. CO., Haverstock Rd., N.W. 5, London. SEE TRADE MARKED WORLD 'THERAPION' IN GOV. BRIT. GOVT. STAMP AFFIXED TO GENUINE PACKETS.

[2674

Naval Activities.

EARLIER CABLES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE ALLIED SQUADRONS AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

PARIS, November 14th.

A Havas message says:—
The Allied Naval Squadrons reached Constantinople yesterday. The French Second Squadron was commanded by Admiral Amet, whose flag was hoisted on the battleship *Diderot*.

THE FRENCH UNITS.

LYONS, November 15th.
The French warships *Diderot*, *Mirabeau*, *Vergniaud*, *Justice*, *Jules Michel*, *Ernest Renan* and six destroyers have arrived at Constantinople.—*French Wireless.*

CANADIAN PACIFIC

OCEAN SERVICES LIMITED

PACIFIC SERVICE.

CANADA, UNITED STATES AND EUROPE

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC.

— SAILINGS ON OR ABOUT —

	From HONGKONG	From NAGASAKI	From YOKOHAMA 7th Dec.
† "MONTEAGLE"	15th Dec.		
* "KEY WEST"		(Dates to be fixed)	
† "EMPRESS OF JAPAN"			

† Not sailing from Hongkong and Shanghai.
* Freight Service only.

Regular Mail, Passenger and Freight Services.
Excellent Accommodation. Moderate Rates.
Dominion Express Company's Travellers' Cheques issued, a safe and convenient way of carrying funds.

For particulars regarding passage fares, sailings and reservation of accommodation, also itineraries of trips and descriptive literature apply to—
P. D. RUTHERLAND,
General Agent, Passenger Dept.
Phone 748.

For freight rates and through bills of lading via Vancouver in connection with Canadian Pacific Railway to all Overland Points in Canada and United States also to Europe and West Indies, apply to—
J. H. WALLACE,
General Agent.
Phone 12. 1457

HONGKONG.

P. & O. S. N. CO.

ROYAL MAIL SERVICE

VESSELS despatched to the undermentioned PORTS

LONDON and BOMBAY VIA SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, PORT SAID and MARSEILLES

SHANGHAI MOJI and KOBE

LONDON VIA SINGAPORE PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, PORT SAID and MARSEILLES

SHANGHAI MOJI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA

LONDON AND BOMBAY VIA SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, PORT SAID and MARSEILLES

WIRELESS ON ALL STEAMERS

For PASSAGE RATES, HAND-BOOKS FREIGHTS, DATES OF SAILING, ETC., apply to

P. & O. S. N. Co.

P. E. KNIGHT,
Acting Superintendent.

INDO-CHINA S. NAV. CO., LTD.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
HAIPHONG	"TAKSANG"	Tues. 19th Nov. 8 a.m.
MANILA	YUENSANG"	Fri., 22nd Nov. 2 p.m.
SHANGHAI	"TWOSANG"	Sun., 24th Nov. Daylight.
MANILA	"LOONGSANG"	Fri., 29th Nov. 2 p.m.

CALCUTTA LINE:—This Line is temporarily disorganised owing to the war, but at present a monthly service is maintained with Calcutta by the ss. "KWAISANG" and "VITIM." Calling at Singapore and Penang. The former vessel has excellent passenger accommodation, is fitted with Electric Light and Fans, and carries a fully qualified Surgeon.

SINGAPORE LINE:—The s.s. "VAN WAERWIJCK" leaves for Singapore approximately every fortnight. This vessel has excellent accommodation for First-class passengers, and is fitted throughout with Electric Light and Fans and also carries a fully qualified Surgeon.

SHANGHAI LINE:—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton and Shanghai, sometimes calling at Swatow. Steamers on this line have a limited amount of passenger accommodation, and through tickets can be obtained for Northern and Yangtsze Ports via Shanghai. Through Bills of Lading are issued to all Northern and Yangtsze Ports.

MANILA LINE:—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by vessels with good passenger accommodation; sailings from both ports every Friday.

HAIPHONG LINE:—Sailings approximately weekly for passengers and cargo, calling at Holbow when inducement offers.

BORNEO LINE:—One sailing per month between Hongkong and Sandakan by a steamer having up-to-date accommodation for passengers.
Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading for Kudat, Jesselton, Labuan, Tawao and Lahad Datu.

TIENTSIN LINE:—A regular service is run from March to October between Hongkong and Tientsin, calling at Weihaiwei and Chefoo.

UNDER STRAITS GOVERNMENT PASSPORT REGULATIONS, All European Passengers, leaving the Colony for Straits Settlement, are required to produce on arrived at destination passports with their Photographs and description affixed thereto.

For Freight or passage, apply to
JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD.,
General Managers.
Telephone No. 215. 6

KUHARA SHOJI KAISHA, LD.

KUHARA TRADING CO., LTD.
(Shipping Department).
HEAD OFFICE (KOBE).

Branches and Representatives:—

TOKIO, OSAKI, LONDON, NEW YORK, PARIS, ROME, BERN, PORT SAID, CALLAO, HAVANA, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, TAWAO, BANGKOK, SAIGON, VLADIVOSTOCK, SHANGHAI and TAIPEH.

Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to Pacific Coasts, Japan, China, India, Java, North and South America, also to Mediterranean.

SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE.

S.S. "KENKON MARU" For SAIGON, 20th November.
S.S. "KIFUKU MARU" " CALCUTTA, 20th November.
For further particulars apply to—
CHU KYOKU TRADING Co.,
M. HASHIMOTO.
General Agents.
Telephone No. 2108. [2267

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN

REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE BETWEEN
JAVA, CHINA AND JAPAN.

STEAMERS	FROM	EXPECTED ON OR ABOUT	WILL LEAVE ON OR ABOUT	FOR
BILLITON	JAVA & MACASSAR		18th Nov.	YOKOHAMA and KOBE
SCHIEDYK ...	JAVA	23rd Nov.	30th Nov.	SAIGON
TJIMANOSK ...	JAVA	24th Nov.	30th Nov.	SHANGHAI
NIAS ...	JAVA	29th Nov.	1st Dec.	SAIGON
TJIKINI	JAVA	26th Nov.	1st Dec.	SHANGHAI

* Wireless Telegraphy.
The Steamers are all fitted throughout with Electric Light and have accommodation for a limited number of Saloon Passengers. All steamers carry a duly qualified surgeon. Cargo taken at through rates to all ports in Netherlands India and Australia.
For Particulars of Freight and Passage apply to the
JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.
Telephone No. 1574.
York Building, 1st Floor.

JAVA-PACIFIC LINE

OF THE

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

MONTHLY SERVICE BETWEEN
NETH, INDIA, MANILA, HONGKONG & SAN FRANCISCO

The Steamers are all fitted throughout with electric light and have accommodation for a limited number of saloon-passengers.

All Steamers carry a duly qualified surgeon.

Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading to all Overland Points to the United States of America and Canada.

For Particulars of Freight and Passage apply to the—
JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN,
General Managers,
York Building.
Telephone No. 1574. [62

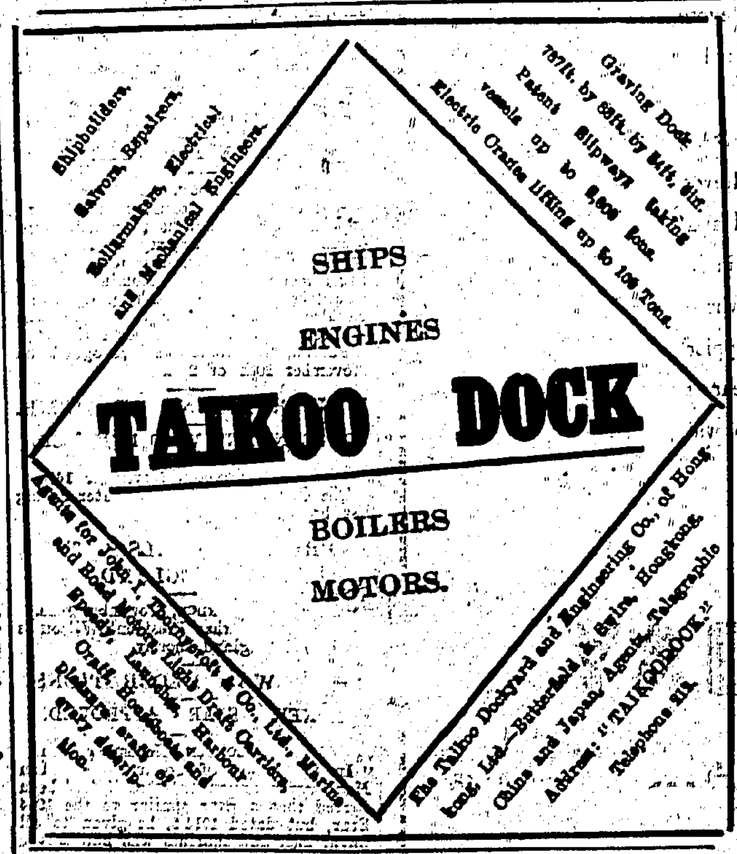
JAVA-SAN FRANCISCO

VIA SINGAPORE, MANILA, HONGKONG, JAPAN AND HONOLULU.
Fortnightly Joint-Service of the
"NEDERLAND" and "ROTTERDAM LLOYD"
ROYAL MAIL LINES.
Next departures from HONGKONG:

Steamers	Tons	to Sails.
To SAN FRANCISCO.		

These Superior Passenger Steamer have excellent accommodation for First and Second Class Saloon Passengers.

For particulars of freight and passage apply to—
JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN,
Agents.
Telephone 1574-1575-1576. [352



THOS. COOK & SON.

TOURIST, STEAMSHIP AND FORWARDING AGENTS, BANKERS, ETC.
OFFICIAL PASSENGER AGENTS TO THE PHILIPPINE GOVERNMENT.
TICKETS SUPPLIED to ALL PARTS of the WORLD at Tariff Rates.
LETTERS of CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES ISSUED and CASHED.
BAGGAGE collected, forwarded and insured at lowest rates.
Cook's "FAR EASTERN TRAVELLERS GAZETTE" containing Sailings and Fares from the Far East to all parts of the World will be forwarded free on application.
Telegraphic address "COUPON." THOS. COOK & SON
Telephone No. 124. (Hongkong Hotel Buildings, Office of Peddar Street and Des Voeux Road, HONGKONG.
Also SHANGHAI, PEKING, YOKOHAMA, MANILA.
Chief Office:—LUDGATE CIRCUS, LONDON, E.C. 2018

REMY MARTIN

is

THE

BRANDY

for

Connoisseurs

Est. 1724.

Made of best Charante grape. Bottled in Cognac.

Sole Agents:

THORESEN & Co.,

Sales Agents, Canton:

MANNERS & BACKHOUSE Ltd.

NOW ON SALE.

HONGKONG HANSARD REPORTS of the MEETING of the LEGISLATIVE COUNCILS for the Session 1917
REVISED BY THE MEMBERS
PRICE ... $5
DAILY PRESS" OFFICE

"ASAHI BEER."

SOLE AGENTS:
MITSU BUSSAN KAISHA.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

U.S. MAIL LINE.

OPERATING THE NEW FIRST-CLASS STEAMERS
"ECUADOR," "VENEZUELA" AND "COLOMBIA,"
14,000 tons each.
HONGKONG TO SAN FRANCISCO,
VIA SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU.

THE SUNSHINE BELT.
THE MOST COMFORTABLE ROUTE TO AMERICA AND EUROPE.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG at Noon.

S.S. COLOMBIA	Dec.	4th.
S.S. "VENEZUELA"	Dec.	31st.
S.S. "ECUADOR"	Jan.	29th, 1919.

These Steamers have the most modern equipment, including Overhead Electric Fans and Electric Lighting. ALL LOWER BERTHS and large comfortable staterooms (all single and two berths only).
The Safety and Comfort of Passengers is our first consideration.
Special care is given to the Cuisine, and the attendance on passengers cannot be surpassed.
Tickets are interchangeable with the TOYO KISEN KAISHA and the CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, LTD.
For further information rates, literature, schedules, etc., apply to

Telephone 141 COMPANY'S OFFICE in Alexander Buildings Chater Road. 88

YAMASHITA KISEN KAISHA

INCORPORATED IN JAPAN.
(THE YAMASHITA STEAMSHIP CO., LTD).

STEAMSHIP OWNERS, BROKERS FOR THE SALE, PURCHASE, CONSTRUCTION AND CHARTERING OF STEAMERS, MARINE INSURANCE BROKERS ETC.,

COAL MINE OWNERS ALSO BUNKER COAL CONTRACTORS.

BEST JAPANESE COAL ALWAYS IN STOCK.

HEAD OFFICE:—KOBE
BRANCH OFFICE:—TOKIO, SINGAPORE AND TAIHOKU.
AGENTS:—LONDON, NEW YORK, SEATTLE, SAN FRANCISCO, SYDNEY, SHANGHAI, TAKAO, KEELUNG AND MOJI.

FOR PARTICULARS PLEASE APPLY TO—
M. KOBAYASHI,
Agent,
2ND FLOOR, ST. GEORGE'S BUILDING.
TEL. 28. [2237

R.M.S.P.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKE CO.

OWNERS OF THE "SHIRE" LINE OF STEAMERS.

FOR SAILINGS TO AND FROM THE UNITED KINGDOM AND INTERMEDIATE PORTS.

Please Apply to
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,
Agents.
Telephone No. 2 20

INDIAN AFRICAN LINE

Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN (Natal) EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN with transhipment at COLOMBO to Steamers of the INDIAN AFRICAN LINE

ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE.

Regular Direct Service from JAPAN, CHINA and STRAITS to BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN, EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN, calling at MAURITIUS en route, and affording the Quickest Freight Transport from the ORIENT to SOUTH AFRICA.

For particulars of sailings shippers are requested to apply to the undersigned.

THE BANK LINE, LIMITED,
Managing Agents.

17

"ELLERMAN" LINE.

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)

JAPAN, CHINA AND STRAITS
TO
UNITED KINGDOM AND CONTINENT.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Cape of Good Hope at Owners' option
Subject to change without notice.

For particulars of sailings shippers are requested to apply to the undersigned.

or to REES & Co., Canton. THE BANK LINE, LIMITED,
General Agents.

62

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
SHANGHAI	"SINKIANG"	On 19th Nov. Noon.
SHANGHAI	"KAIFONG"	On 21st Nov. Noon.
TIENTSIN	"HUICHOW"	On 23rd Nov. 3 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"SINGAN"	On 26th Nov. Noon.

☞ SHANGHAI LINE—PASSENGERS, MAILS and CARGO. Excellent Saloon accommodation, Amidships Electric Light and Fans in Saloon and State-rooms. Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai, taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtsze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are Landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transhipment at Woosung.

For Freight or Passage apply to—

TELEPHONE 36 BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.

6

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD

HONGKONG AND SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE.

REGULAR SERVICE of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having good accommodation for First Class Passenger Electric Light and Fans in staterooms and Saloons and Excellent cuisine.

FOR

SWATOW. AMOY AND FOOCHOW AND RETURN.

(Occupying 9 to 10 Days).

"HAIHONG"	Capt. J. W. Evans ...	FRIDAY,	22nd Nov. at 1 P.M.
"HAITAN"	Capt. A. E. Hodgins ...	TUESDAY,	26th Nov. at 1 P.M.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Blake Pier).

For Freight and Passage, apply to—

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & CO.,
General Managers.

3

BRITISH INDIA S. N. CO., LTD.

APCAR LINE.

REGULAR SERVICE BETWEEN
CALCUTTA STRAITS, SHANGHAI AND JAPAN PORTS.

EASTWARD

WESTWARD

The above Steamers have excellent Saloon accommodation for Passengers and are fitted with all modern conveniences and carry a daily qualified surgeon.

Freight or Passage apply to

DAVID SASSOON & CO., LTD.
Agents.

34

P. & O. S. N. CO.

ROYAL MAIL SERVICE

UNDER CONTRACT WITH HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT
TO

MARSEILLES AND LONDON,

TAKING PASSENGERS AND CARGO TO
STRAITS, COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT, &c.

Steamers to Colombo	Leave Hongkong Noon	Connecting Mail Str. from Colombo	Due at Marseilles	Due at London

When Passengers change Steamers at COLOMBO.
Accommodation in the connecting Steamer from COLOMBO is definitely reserved in Hongkong at the time of Booking.
On the Australian Route Tickets Interchangeable with Orient Line.

SAILINGS DIRECT TO

SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

S.S.	Leave Hongkong About

Passengers may travel by Railway in Japan between Ports of Call free of charge

INTERMEDIATE STEAMERS
(Non-Transhipment),
IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE MAIL STEAMERS.
WILL LEAVE DIRECT FOR

MARSEILLES AND LONDON,

Calling at SINGAPORE, PORT SWETTENHAM, PENANG, COLOMBO AND PORT SAID.

CARRYING 1ST AND 2ND SALOON PASSENGERS AT REDUCED RATES.
PROPOSED SAILINGS:

STEAMERS.	Leave H'kong. about	Leave S'pore about	Due at M'seilles if sailing about	Due London about
The Intermediate	Service is	Temporarily	Suspended.	

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.
All Cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge and each Berth Furnished with an Electric Reading Lamp.
Owing to the War in Europe Steamers and Sailing dates are liable to be cancelled or altered without notice.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Consignees are reminded of the necessity to apply to the Company's Agents regarding arrival of consignments expected of which they have received documents or advice.

Any damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees, and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. GODDARD & DOUGLAS, at 10 A.M. on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS. All Claims must be presented within ten days of the Steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised. No Claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

For Further Information, Passage Fares, Freights, Handbooks, Dates of Sailing, etc., apply to

22

P. L. KNIGHT,
Acting Superintendent.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

(JAPAN MAIL S.S. CO.)

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATION	STEAMER & DISPLACEMENT		SAILING DATE	
SHANGHAI KOBE & YOKOHAMA ...	YOKOHAMA MARU	tons 13,340	Mon. 18th Nov.	11 A.M.
	TAMBA MARU	... 12,510	..Sat. 7th Dec	11 A.M.
NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA ...	† NIKKO MARU	... 9,600	...Sat. 14th Dec	11 A.M.
SHANGHAI, MOJI & KOBE	§ TENSHO MARU	... 7,000	...Mon. 18th Nov.	
	§ TAMA MARU	... 7,000	...Sat. 23rd Nov.	
LONDON OR LIVERPOOL VIA SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, DELAGOA BAY & CAPE TOWN			For dates of sailing apply at the Company's Office.	
MELBOURNE VIA MANILA, ZAMBOANGA, THURS. IS., TOWNSVILLE, BRISBANE & SYDNEY				
NEW YORK VIA SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, SAN FRANCISCO & PANAMA CANAL				
BOMBAY VIA SINGAPORE, MALACCA & COLOMBO ...				
CALCUTTA VIA SINGAPORE, PENANG & RANGOON				

§ Omitting Shanghai and/or Moji. † Wireless telegraphy.

HONGKONG, VICTORIA, B.C., SEATTLE

VIA W——

MANILA, SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI & YOKOHAMA.

Operated by the magnificent and splendidly equipped passenger steamers "FUSHIMI MARU," "SUWA MARU," "KASHIMA MARU" and "KATORI MARU," each of over 20,000 tons displacement.

NEXT SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

‡ † SUWA MARU ... ... Mon., 25th Nov., at 11 A.M.
† † FUSHIMI MARU ... ... Thurs., 19th Dec., at 11 A.M.
‡ Omitting Manila Eastbound.

For further information apply to

Telephone 231 and 232 NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
B. MORI, Manager

TOYO KISEN KAISHA

SAN FRANCISCO LINE.

VIA SHANGHAI, INLAND SEA, JAPAN AND HONOLULU.

FAST AND LUXURIOUS MAIL STEAMERS.

Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to Change Without Notice.

Steamers	Tons	Leave Hongkong
TENYO MARU	22,000	... TUES., 26th Nov.
SHINYO MARU	22,000	... WED., 18th Dec.
KOREA MARU	20,000	... 17th Jan., 1919.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.

HONGKONG to VALPARAISO VIA JAPAN, HONOLULU, SAN FRANCISCO SAN PEDRO, SALINO CRUZ, BALBOA, CALLAO, ARICA AND IQUIQUE.
THENCE BY TRANS-ANDEAN ROUTE TO BUENOS AIRES

Steamers	Tons	Leave Hongkong

Tickets are interchangeable with the CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, LTD. and the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.
Passengers may travel by Rail between Ports of Call in Japan free of Charge.
For full information as to rates, sailings, etc., apply to—

TELEPHONES 1374 and 2375. T. DAIGO, MANAGER,
King's Building.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL LINES.

SERVICE TO AND FROM SHANGHAI
SERVICE TO AND FROM EUROPE

Ports of call:—Shanghai, Hongkong, Haiphong, Saigon Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti, Suez, Port Said, Marseilles.

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

For full particulars regarding sailings, apply to

TELEPHONE 740. J. TOURTET,
Acting Agent,
Queen's Building.

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

GENOA	Monthly service. Taking cargo on through Bills of Lading with transhipment at Bombay to Company's steamer.
MARSEILLES	Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said.
BUENOS AIRES RIO DE JANEIRO SANTOS	Monthly direct service via Singapore, MAURITIUS, DURBAN and CAPE TOWN.
BOMBAY COLOMBO	Regular fortnightly service via Singapore.
BATAVIA SOURABAYA SAMARANG	Monthly direct service.
	"TAMON MARU" No. 12. SATURDAY, 23rd Nov. at Noon
SYDNEY MELBOURNE	Monthly service calling at AUCKLAND, N.Z., ADELAIDE.
VICTORIA VANCOUVER SEATTLE TACOMA	Regular fortnightly services touching at intermediate ports in Japan and taking cargo to OVERLAND POINTS U. S. in connection with Chicago Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.
	"AFRICA MARU" ... TUESDAY, 26th Nov. at 3 P.M.
KEELUNG TAKAO VIA SWATOW AMOY	These steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class saloon passengers and will arrive at and depart from the Soon Yip wharf, near the Harbour Office.

FOR TAKAO VIA SWATOW AND AMOY.

"SOSHU MARU" ... THURSDAY, 21st Nov. at 8 A.M.

FOR KEELUNG VIA SWATOW AND AMOY.

For sailing dates and further particulars please apply to—

Tel. No. 744 and 745 K. YAMASAKI,
Manager.
No. 1, Queen's Building.

48

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS

"NANKING" (15,000 tons, American Registry). "CHINA" (10,200 tons, American Registry)

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG FOR

SAN FRANCISCO

VIA SHANGHAI, JAPAN PORTS AND HONOLULU.

"NANKING" Jan. 9th, 1919. "CHINA" November 21st.

An unsurpassed high-class passenger service.

Prince's Buildings. O. H. RITTER, Freight and Passenger Agent
Ice House Street. Tel 1942

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

INWARD MAILS.

From	Per	Due
U.S.A. via Manila	*Tenyo Maru* ...	18th Nov.
Australia via Manila	*Changsha* ...	10th Nov.
Straits	*Changchow* ...	10th Nov

OUTWARD MAILS.

REGISTERED and PARCEL MAILS close 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated.

For	Per	Date
Shanghai, North China, & Japan via Kobe ...	*Yokohama Maru*	Monday, 18th, 10.00 A.M.
Straits, Bangkok, Ceylon, Mauritius, South Africa, India, via Dhanushkodi, Lourenco Marques, Cape Town, and *Europe via Cape ...	*Shidzuoka Maru* ..	Tuesday, 19th, 10.00 A.M.
Japan via Kobe	*Bilston* ...	Tuesday, 19th, 9.00 A.M.
Shanghai and North China	*Sinkiang* ...	Tuesday, 19th, 11.00 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy, and Formosa via Takao ...	*Soshu Maru* ...	Wednesday, 20th, 5.00 P.M.
Shanghai and North China ...	*Kaifong* ...	Thursday, 21st, 11.00 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	*Hai Hong* ...	Friday, 22nd 1.00 P.M.
Philippine Islands	*Yuensang*	Friday, 22nd, 2.00 P.M.
Tientsin	*Huichow*	Saturday, 23rd, 2.00 P.M.
*Shanghai and *North China	*Singan*	Tuesday, 26th 10.00 A.M.
Shanghai, North China, Japan via Nagasaki, Canada, United States, Central and South America, and Europe via Canada	*Africa Maru*	Tuesday, 26th, Registration 11.45 A.M. Letters ... 12.30 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	*Haitan* ...	Tuesday, 26th 1.00 P.M.

* Superscribed correspondence only

LOCAL AND REGULAR MAILS OUTWARD.

For	On Week-Days.	Sundays & Holidays
Tai O	Noon	11.00 A.M.
Tai Po	10.00 A.M.	10.00 A.M.
Cheung Chow	9.30 A.M. 2.30 P.M.	11.00 A.M.
Shataukok, Shatin, Sheungshui, Autau, Hing Shan and Santin	4.00 P.M.	11.00 A.M.
Aberdeen, Sai Kung and Stanley ...	4.30 P.M.	11.00 A.M.
Canton and Samshui	7.30 A.M. Regis 5.00 P.M. Letters 6.00 P.M.	5.00 P.M.
Wuchow	4.00 P.M.	4.00 P.M.
Macao	1.75 A.M. 1.30 P.M.	9.00 A.M.
Kongmoon	6.00 P.M. Except Saturdays	5.00 P.M.
Namtau and Sanmei	6.00 P.M.	5.00 P.M.
Shamchun	10.00 A.M. 4.00 P.M.	10.00 A.M.

From Sheungwan Western Branch P. O.

For	On Week-Days	On Sunday	On Holiday.
Macao	7.30 A.M. 1.30 P.M.	8.30 A.M.	7.30 A.M. 1.30 P.M.
Cantonand Samshui	7.30 A.M. 9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	7.30 A.M. 9.30 P.M.
Tai Ping Tung	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.
Shek Ki	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.
Kongmoon	8.00 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	6.00 P.M.
Kaukong...	8.00 P.M.	6.00 P.M.	6.00 P.M.
Wuchow...	6.00 P.M. Except Saturday 4.00 P.M.	4.00 P.M.	6.00 P.M. 4.00 P.M.

In the case of Mails closing before 9 a.m. Registration closes at 5 o'clock on the previous evening.

HONGKONG TIDE TABLE

From 18th to 24th November, 1918

Days of Week	Days of Month	High Water H'kong Mean Time.	Height	Low Water H'kong Mean Time.	Height.
		h m.	ft. in.	h m.	ft. in.
Mon.	18	m 9 39	5 6	m 3 9	1 3
		8 34 a	8 3	2 19 a	3 5
Tues.	19	m 10 36	5 4	m 3 56	0 9
		9 13 a	8 5	2 51 a	3 7
Wed.	20	m 11 32	5 2	m 4 42	0 8
		9 53 a	8 5	3 24 a	3 8
Thurs.	21	0 30 a	4 8	m 5 29	0 9
		10 34 a	8 3	4 0 a	3 9
Fr.	22	1 32 a	4 7	m 6 17	1 2
		11 16 a	7 8	4 39 a	4 1
Satur.	23	m 2 38 a	4 6	m 7 7	1 6
				5 25 a	4 4
Sun.	24	m 0 3	7 2	m 6 1	1 9
		3 43 a	4 8	6 18 a	4 6

FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOUSSION,

15, Morrison Hill Road.

[262

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

STEAM FOR STRAITS, CEYLON, BOMBAY, EGYPT, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS AND LONDON.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED FOR BATAVIA, AMERICAN, CONTINENTAL AND SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

THE Homeward Mail Steamer, carrying His Majesty's Mail, will be despatched from this port as usual, taking Passengers, and Cargo for the above Ports. Passengers, accommodation in the connecting vessel, secured before departure from Hongkong.

Silk and Valuable Cargo for Italy, France and London (under arrangement) will be conveyed by this Steamer proceeding to Bombay and there transhipped to the oncarrying Steamer for Marseilles and London.

Parcels, will be received at the Office until 2 P.M. the day before sailing. The contents and value of all packages are required.

For further particulars, sailing dates, etc. apply to

P. L. KNIGHT,
Acting Superintendent.

COMMERCIAL.

OPENING QUOTATIONS.

November 15th

On London.—	
Telegraphic Transfer	2/2
Bank Bills, on demand	2/2⅛
Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight	2/2⅛
Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight	2/2⅛
Credits, at 4 months sight	2/2⅜
Documentary Bills 4 months' sight	2/2⅜
On Paris.—	
Bank Bills, on demand	413½
Credits, at 4 months' sight	430½
On New York.—	
Bank Bills, on demand	79½
Credits at 60 days' sight	— —
On Bombay.—	
Telegraphic Transfer	nom
Bank Bills, on demand	— —
On Calcutta.—	
Telegraphic Transfer	nom.
Bank Bills, on demand	— —
On Shanghai.—	
Bank Bills, at sight	nom.
Private, 30 days' sight	— —
On Yokohama.—On demand	137½
On Manila.—On demand—Pesos	151½
On Singapore.—On demand	135½
On Batavia.—On demand	175
On Haiphong.—On demand	11¾ p.m.
On Saigon.—On demand	1 ¼ p.m.
On Bangkok.—On demand	48⅛
Sovereigns, Bank's Buying Rate	$ 6.90 n.
Gold Leaf, 100 fine, per tael	$46.40
Bar Silver, per oz	48⅛d.

FORTHCOMING EVENTS.

TO-NIGHT.

9 p.m.—Harmston's Circus at Kowloon.

Thursday, 28th Nov.:—
3 p.m.—Auction of Valuable Leasehold Property at Auction Rooms, by Messrs. Hughes & Hough.

Friday, 29th Nov.:—
Heather day.

HONGKONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hongkong Observatory, November 17th.

	Previous Day at 2 p.m.	On Date at 8 a.m.	On Date at 2 p.m.
Barometer	30.04	30.10	30.08
Temperature	72	66	70
Humidity	58	73	56
Wind Direction	East	North	North
" Force	4	2	3
Weather	c	c	—
Rain ...	—	—	—

Highest open-air Temperature on 16th 72

Lowest open-air Temperature on 17th... 65

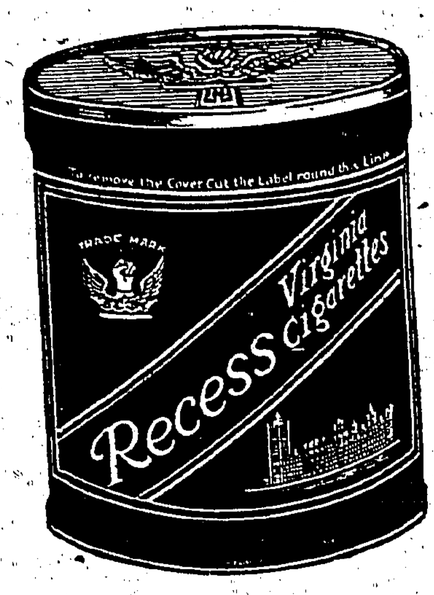
ON SALE.

BOUND VOLUMES of the *HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS*, January to June, 1918.
With INDEX, Price $7.50.
On Sale at the HONGKONG DAILY PRESS Office.

RECESS NO. 44.

VIRGINIAN CIGARETTES

A Large Size Cigarette.



Packed in Air-tight Tins of 50 Cigarettes.

Manufactured by

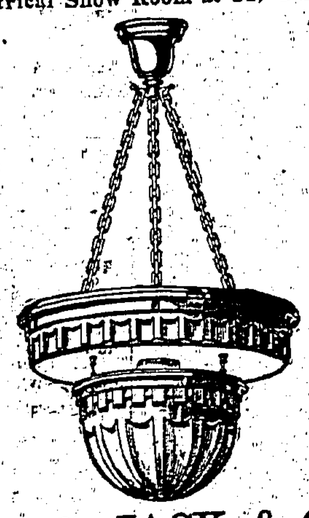
Westminster Tobacco Co. Ltd. London

This advertisement is issued by Westminster Tobacco Co., Ltd.

ELECTRICAL FITTINGS

For the latest types of Lamps and Radiators.
Visit our Electrical Show Room at 14, Des Vœux Road.

One centre ceiling light replaces four or five ordinary bulbs and gives a more diffused light with the "BRASCOLITE" FITTING.



The cool season will soon be on us, so book your order in time for an economical and cheerful "MAJESTIC" RADIATOR

WILLIAM C. JACK & CO., LTD.
27

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

(FRENCH BANK).

Head Office: 15bis Rue Laffitte, Paris.

Capital	Frs. 45,000,000
Reserves	" 50,000,000

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Bangkok	Hongkong	Saigon
Battambang	Mongtze	Shanghai
Canton	Noumea	Singapore
Djibouti	Papeete	Tientsin
Haiphong	Peking	Tourane
Hankow	Pnom-Penh	Vladivostock
Hanoi	Pondichery	

BANKERS:

IN FRANCE: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.

IN LONDON: The National Provincial & Union Bank of England Ltd; Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

IN NEW YORK: J. P. Morgan & Co.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

A. SIRE,
Acting Manager.

Hongkong, October 21st, 1918 2563

BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE.

Subscribed Capital	Francs45,000,000
Paid Up "	" 22,500,000
(1/2 of the Capital, i.e., Francs 15,000,000 subscribed by the Government of the Chinese Republic.)	
Chairman of the Board of Directors	André Berthelot
General Manager	A. J. Pernotte

HEAD OFFICE:
74, Rue Saint-Lazare, PARIS.

BRANCHES:

Peking	
Shanghai	Saigon
Tientsin	Haiphong
Hongkong	Yunnanfu

BANKERS:

In FRANCE: Société Général pourl'avoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
In LONDON: London County Westminster & Parr's Bank, Ltd.
London Joint City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In NEW YORK: Redmond & Co.
Correspondents in the Chief Commercial Centres of the World.

Telegraphic Address: CHIBANKIND.

Interest on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Local Currency and in Gold. Terms on application.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Special facilities for French exchange.

M. ROUET DE JOURNEL,
Manager.

Hongkong Branch,
Queen's Building,
5, Chater Road. Tel 2440.
Hongkong September 26th, 1918. [147

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LIMITED.
(TAIWAN GINKO).

INCORPORATED BY SPECIAL IMPERIAL CHARTER, 1899.

Capital Subscribed ...	Yen 30,000,000
Capital (Paid-up)...	2,500,000
Reserve Funds	5,680,000

HEAD OFFICE:
TAIPEH, FORMOSA.

BRANCHES:
JAPAN—Tokyo, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka.
FORMOSA—Giran, Kagi, Karenko, Keelung, Pinan, Shinchiku, Makung, Taichu, Tainan, Takow, Tamsui, Tohyen, Ako.
CHINA—Shanghai, Hankow, Kiukiang, Amoy, Foochow, Swatow, Canton.
OTHERS—Hongkong, Singapore, Soerabaja Semarang, Batavia, Bombay, London, New York.

LONDON BANKERS:
CAPITAL AND COUNTIES BANK, LONDON AND SOUTH-WESTERN BANK, PARR'S BANK.

The Bank has Correspondents in the Commercial Centres in European Continent, Russia, Manchuria, Tsingtao, Chosen, Japan, Indo-China, Siam, India, Philippine Islands, Java, and other Dutc. Indies, Australia, America, Africa, &c.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits at rates which will be quoted on application.

NAOKICHI YANAGITA,
Maganer.

Hongkong Branch,
3, Des Vœux Road.
Hongkong, August 30th 1918. [600

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.
INTEREST on deposits is allowed on the Minimum Monthly Balances at 3½ per cent. per annum.
Depositors may transfer at their option balances of $100 or more to the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK to be placed on FIXED DEPOSIT at 4 per cent. per annum.

For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,
N. J. STABB.
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, November 2nd 1914. 10

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.
HEAD OFFICE—LONDON.

Paid-up Capital	£1,200,000
Reserve Fund	£2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	£1,200,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking business transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 1 year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

T. C. DOWNING,
Manager.

Hongkong, May 16th, 1917. [41

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid-up Capital	$15,000,000
Reserve Funds:—	
Sterling £1,500,000, at 2/—	$15,000,000
Silver	$19,500,000
	$34,500,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$15,000,000

Court of Directors:
Hon. Mr. P. H. HOLYOAK—Chairman.
G. T. M. EDKINS, Esq.—Deputy Chairman.
A. H. Compton, Esq. | Hon. Mr. D. Landale
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell. | F. V. D. Parr, Esq.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq. | W. L. Pattenden, Esq
J. A. Plummer, Esq.

Chief Manager:
Hongkong—N. J. STABB, Esq.

Manager:
Shanghai—A. G. STEPHEN, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS:
LONDON COUNTY AND WESTMINSTER & PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.

HONGKONG INTEREST ALLOWED.
On Current Account at the rate of Two per cent. per annum on the Daily Balance.
ON FIXED DEPOSITS.
For 3 months, 2½ per cent. per annum.
" 6 " 3½ " " "
" 12 " 4 " " "

N. J. STABB,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, October 16th, 1918. 9

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: 15, Gracechurch St., London

Authorised Capital	£1,500,000
Subscribed "	1,125,000
Paid-up "	562,500
Reserve Fund "	650,000

Bankers:
THE BANK OF ENGLAND.
THE LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LIMITED.

Branches:

Bombay	Galle	Karachi	Penang
Calcutta	Hongkong	Kota Bhara	Rangoon
Colombo	Howrah	KualaLumpur	Shanghai
Delhi	Kandy	Madras	Singapore
Port Louis (Mauritius).			

HONGKONG BRANCH.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
INTEREST allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance and on Fixed Deposits at rates that may be ascertained on application.

C. CHAMPKIN,
Acting Manager

No. 7, Queen's Road Central,
Hongkong, May 28th, 1918. [887

Printed and Published by HENRY ADOLPHUS CARTWRIGHT, for THE HONGKONG DAILY PRESS, LTD., at 10A, Des Vœux Road Central, Victoria, Hongkong. London Office: 131, Fleet Street, E.C.